W. H. PERRY,
Hardware,
Stoves and
Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

Victoria Daily Times.

Blackberry and Jamaica Ginger
For Summer Complaints.
As the P. P. P. P.
Always open.
C. E. JONES,
38 Government St

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1893. No. 204

AT THE WESTSIDE August 30th, 1893.

New Hopsacking Tweeds, 54 inches wide.
New English Tweeds, 54 inches wide.
New Navy Diagonal Serges, 58 inches wide.
New Black Diagonal Serges, 58 inches wide.
New Black and Colored Cashmeres, 44 in. wide.
New French Twills, 44 inches wide.
New Black and Colored Crepons, 42 in. wide.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

OUR NEW STOCK

OF....

Fall Suitings,
Serges,
Worsteds,
Pantings
AND
Overcoatings,

HAS ARRIVED.

Largest and Best Assorted Stock in B. C.
Call and see them at

GEO. R. JACKSON & CO.'S,

57 Government Street.

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRESS SUITS.

WEILER BROS.

Latest Arrivals

Japanese Leather Paperhangings, 36 in. wide
Japanese Drapery Crepes, 27 in. wide
Art Cambric Prints | For Curtains,
Sateen Cretone | Draperies, Etc.
White Satin Finish & Marcella Bed Quilts
Table, Banquet and Library Lamps
Tea Kettles with Wrought Iron Stands
New additions to Furniture and Carpet Stocks always arriving.

SHOW ROOMS: 51 TO 55 FORT ST.

YOUR MONEY'S WORTH FOR YOUR MONEY

Is what you receive from us.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

The finest assortment of **Ready-Made Clothing** ever seen in British Columbia is now on exhibition at our store. While others are complaining of hard times we are selling more good ready-made Suits than ever before. See our windows. **Suits from $15 to $25,** and no trouble to sell them; they sell themselves because they are just what the people want. No other stores have the same class of goods.

We have all sizes up to 50 in. chest measure. Suits for big men a specialty.

We have all styles—Single and Double Breasted Sac., Single and Double Breasted Frock, Full Dress Suits, Eaton Suits. An inspection solicited.

Boot and Shoe Department next door below.

35 & 37 Johnson St., Victoria. GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

TENDERS

Are invited for proposed School Building, James Bay, to be delivered at the office of the undersigned not later than 12 o'clock noon, on Monday, Sept. 4th, accompanied by a certified check of the value of 5 per cent. on the total amount of the tender, or endorsed by two responsible ratepayers, who are willing to enter into bonds to the value of $5000, for the execution of the contract.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. RIDGWAY-WILSON, Architect.

August 23, 1893. a24-td

TENDERS

Are invited for school building, North Ward, to be delivered at the office of the undersigned not later than 12 o'clock noon, on Wednesday, September 6th, accompanied by a certified check of the value of 5 per cent. of the total amount of the tender, or by an agreement, duly signed by the tenderer and two responsible ratepayers, to execute a bond for $5000, if called upon to do so. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

SOULE & DAY, Architects.
Five Sisters Block.
Victoria, B.C., Aug. 25, 1893. a26-td

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO LET—Well furnished bedroom and parlor or two bedrooms. 25 Menzies St. a31-2t

TO SUIT HARD TIMES—Two tons of lead at 3 1-2 cents a pound; one half ton of 8 inch spikes at 2 1-2 cents; one half ton of shingle nails at 2 1-2 cents; one half ton of putty at 3 1-2 cents. Apply to Wm. Powell, Ontario Waggon Shop. a31-1t-d&w

LOST—Gold Safety Pin Pennant, Beacon Hill district. Finder rewarded on returning to J. B. G., Times office. a31-2t

NOTICE.

A Lecture will be given in the Temperance Hall, Pandora street,

FRIDAY, SEPT. 1, AT 8 P.M.,

by the Rev. Charles Curry, of Australia. Subject: "The Monk That Shook the World." a31-2t

CLARENCE HOTEL.

All parties having left trunks or clothes at the Clarence hotel as security for room rent are hereby notified to call at once and claim them as the hotel is changing hands and I will not be responsible for them after to-day.

A. ROCHON, Manager.

Victoria, August 31st, 1893.

TO LET

The Directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital are prepared to let the premises known as the French Hospital recently occupied by the "Old Men's Home" and situated in Collinson street, on reasonable terms, with immediate possession. For information apply to

H. M. YATES, Secretary.

P. O. Box 351, or care of Yates & Jay, Bastion street.

Victoria, B.C., August 31, 1893. a31-1m (Colonist copy.)

Newfoundland Cod

First of this season's New Boned Cod Fish, just arrived, at 10c. per lb.

R. H. JAMESON, 33 Fort St.

Dufour's Auction Mart,

TO-MORROW, Sept. 1.

THE REGULAR SEMI-WEEKLY AUCTION SALE OF NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE, CROCKERY, LAMPS, GLASSWARE, &c., TAKES PLACE AT THE SUBSCRIBER'S SALE ROOMS, 102 DOUGLAS ST.,

TO-MORROW, Sept. 1.

Sale at 1.30 o'clock.
Large quantity of Goods. Everything goes.

W. DUFOUR & CO., Auctioneers.

Suspicious of Yankee Discoveries.

London, Aug. 31.—Among the subjects which were scheduled for consideration at the International Medical Congress called to assemble in Rome next month, but the indefinite postponement of which has been announced, was the treatment for the cure of consumption discovered by Dr. Amick, of the United States, which is attracting great attention among the medical fraternity of England and continental countries. In its current issue a leading medical journal says that as a result of the postponement of the congress a party of prominent physicians of England, France and Germany will leave for the United States the last week of September, and, after a brief visit to the World's Fair, will proceed to Cincinnati to make a personal investigation of the treatment and its results. Some of the English physicians concerned, who, like the majority of their profession, are inclined to regard any new discovery hailing from the United States suspiciously, some months ago induced one of the largest wholesale drug houses in the metropolis to enter into correspondence with Dr. Amick with the alleged view of becoming the British agents for his medicines. Their guns were spiked however by the receipt last week of a letter to the effect that he corresponded only with registered practicing physicians, and that his discovery could not be put on the market for indiscriminate sale. At a meeting of the Paris clinic of physicians last week one of the speakers coupled Amick's name with Pasteur's as a benefactor of the human race, and paid a high tribute to the medical profession in the United States.

South Wales Miners.

London, Aug. 31.—Over 60,000 miners resumed work in South Wales to-day. This means the collapse of the strike in South Wales. Some 40,000 others are still out.

FAREWELL TO BLAKE

The Irish Members Entertain the Great Canadian.

JUSTIN McCARTHY'S CLOWING EULOGY

Mr. Blake Counsels His Friends to Keep on Their Armor.

There is a Struggle Yet to Come—Perhaps Fiercer than that Just Past—Significance of the Third Reading—Blake will Return to England for the Autumn Session.

London, Aug. 31.—Between 50 and 60 members of the Irish Parliamentary party met last night to entertain Hon. Edward Blake, M. P., to dinner before his departure for Canada on Saturday next. Justin McCarthy, leader of the Irish party, presided, and John Dillon, William O'Brien, Michael Davitt, Thomas Sexton and T. P. O'Connor were among the company. The proceedings were of the most enthusiastic character.

Justin McCarthy, in giving the health of the guest of the evening referred to him as "their distinguished colleague, their honored comrade and their very dear friend." He eloquently recounted Mr. Blake's services in council and debate from the moment he landed in Ireland last year to the present time, amid loud cheering. Mr. McCarthy declared that Mr. Blake, while facing a serious risk to his reputation when he came to Westminster, had triumphantly succeeded. He had acted with the Irish party night and day and had become one of them. They gave him to-night a loving and brotherly farewell and hoped soon to see him back, when he should receive a loving and brotherly welcome.

Mr. Blake, on rising to reply, was received with cheers. He acknowledged the extreme kindness and confidence which had been shown by members of the party, and in a speech of much vigor he reviewed the position of the government and of the Irish party in view of the third reading of the bill on Friday night. He added that the home rule bill was a great political charter of freedom giving the Irish people a large, wide, general and generous measure of self-government. Details of the bill might be open to criticism, he admitted, but its third reading meant that the House of Commons irrevocably affirmed its spirit. The acceptance of the principle of a just and real union between the two nations marked a stage in the path of progress for Britain herself. He urged the members of the Irish party to keep on their armor, in view of the further struggle which must take place, and which would undoubtedly be one of the most severe ever faced. To come out victorious in this struggle it was absolutely necessary that they should maintain their present close alliance between the Irish and the British democrats. Mr. Blake concluded his speech amid enthusiastic applause.

Mr. Blake, who hopes to return to England in the opening week of the autumn session, will represent the Irish Parliamentary party at the Irish day celebration at Chicago on September 30th. He sails by the Oregon from Liverpool on Saturday.

ROYALIST HOPES CRUSHED.

Certain That Liliuokalani Will Never Reign in Hawaii Again.

Honolulu, Aug. 31.—About three hundred natives have been enlisted for the queen at $40 a month, their pay to commence on September 2nd or at an earlier period at which she might be reinstated. These men were informed that 200 were to act as a regular military force, and 100 were to constitute a corps of gendarmes who were to take the place of police and conduct a system of military government, under which all suspected enemies of the queen were to be arrested and tried by military court, and if found guilty, summarily shot. To encourage those enlisted they were told that upon a signal being given by firing and blowing up buildings the United States warships would throw their troops ashore and assist the queen's forces to restore her, and that they would incur no danger.

The leading conspirators are well understood to be those previously implicated as represented by the names on Spreckels' cane. A meeting of these gentlemen was held on the 13th at the house of ex-Minister Colbourn at Pearl City, at which time and place it was decided to execute their attempt near the end of the week. This attempt was frustrated by evidence that the government was aware of their intentions and that Admiral Skirrett was prepared to move against them. It was made conspicuous by stoppage of the men's liberty on shore, and was known to be for the purpose of maintaining order and protecting the lives and property of American citizens, according to the standing instructions to the navy.

It became clear to the natives enlisted for the queen that the United States forces were prepared to act against and not with them. This caused a tremendous revulsion of feeling and totally disorganized the scheme. No public alarm has been created by this affair. Most of the facts stated are still unknown to the Honolulu public, and what is known to them came to light only after the admiral's action assured the public of their entire security from the threatened disturbance of the peace. Various sections of the citizens' reserve were put on the qui vive and the streets strictly patrolled. Extra supplies of arms and ammunition have been issued to the 60 volunteers. The government do not at present possess sufficient evidence to justify the arrest of any of the conspirators, unless they were to proclaim martial law, which is not called for. The personal attitude of the ex-queen is not certainly known, although it is probable that she was actively connected with these conspiracies. She is at present maintaining at her residence in Washington place a considerable force of men apparently unarmed, although some of them were former soldiers of her guard.

It is known that just before his departure Mr. Blount positively informed her that she must abandon all idea that the United States would in any way assist to restore her to the throne.

Ryan, the purloiner of the crown jewels has been sentenced to five years. A letter from his sister was produced in evidence, thanking him for two diamonds sent to her. The cases of the two conspirators, St. Clair and Walker, were open before the jury on the 23rd.

In the attempt to keep up this illusion every royalist, white and native, together with their daily papers, has persisted in asserting that it was a certainty that the United States would restore he queen. They have made this their cardinal doctrine. In the absence of any sufficient supply of arms it was given out that arms were about to be supplied them from the coast by agents, and would shortly arrive. Rumors of such arrivals of arms to be surreptitiously landed have been current among the people. The government have been unable to learn of any depot of arms or ammunition, and are satisfied that the conspirators have no large supply.

The American Royal Family.

Greenwich, Conn., Aug. 31.—The yacht Oneida, with president Cleveland and family on board, anchored off Captain island late last night. E. C. Benedict, of the Oneida, who came with the party from Buzzards Bay, came ashore early this morning and was driven to his residence. All efforts to board the yacht have proved fruitless; no one is permitted to go aboard. It is believed the Oneida will sail for New York this afternoon.

At 11 o'clock the entire party came ashore and went to Hon. Benedict's residence, where they will remain until this afternoon, when they leave for New York. Mr. Benedict said the president was well and anxious to get to Washington.

WOLCOTT ON SILVER.

Energetic Deliverance on Living American Issues.

Washington, Aug. 31.—Mr. Wolcott, speaking on the Wilson repeal bill, said it was unfortunate the financial panic was not accompanied by the widespread revival which invariably accompanied panics. The ready and complete change on the financial question which had been witnessed in the senate chamber gave evidence that it was a time when white men were especially open to conviction. The misfortune under which the silver men suffered was that the administration's conversion came first. There was no criticism to be made respecting the policy of the administration. Criticism of the secretary of the treasury was also misplaced, because he was a member of the president's household and committed to his policy. Nor was the president open to stricture because of his message, because he had always been a consistent and persistent opponent of silver coinage. The West knew last year whoever elected its representatives their trust must be placed in congress, which had more than once risen above the personal wishes of the executive. He was in favor of unconditional repeal.

The senator knew free coinage by separate act was impossible during this administration. Senator Wolcott then paid his respects to Voorhees, and said his change of front was one of the most remarkable and ominous occurrences. He attacked the senator's record on silver and national banks, and said all his past utterances as shown by record were "words writ in water." For the first time he (Voorhees) was supposed to represent the masses; Sherman was supposed to represent the classes; but they were in complete accord on financial matters. He predicted a short life for this harmony. The president, Wolcott said, would undoubtedly veto any independent measure for the free coinage of silver. Any man who would vouch for Cleveland as a bi-metallist would vouch for the man in the moon. Why not act on the whole financial question now as later? They should never know any more about silver than they knew now, and congress was in session to deal with the subject. He urged the free silver men to vote against protective tariff in any form. Should the act pass it was an era of experiment, he said, and they should experiment all around. He denied that the repeal of the Sherman act would restore confidence; the present panic was a bankers' one, whose plan was after the repeal of the Sherman law to ask an issue of $100,000,000 in gold bonds. The western point of view, he said, was not much valued on Wall street, but he urged that locality, if it did not want repetitions of the whiskey trust and cordage trust collapses, to remember that it was only through some measure recognizing silver that they could obtain relief.

Wolcott then quoted statistics to refute the argument that there was overproduction of silver. The people in the Northwest favored resumption of free silver coinage because they believed in bi-metallism. They opposed the single standard because there was not enough gold to do the business of the world and furnish its inhabitants with the currency they needed. He warned the senate against removing one of the cornerstones of the government fabric. Party lines, patronage and favor of the executive were of slight importance as compared with the great misery and suffering that must follow the abandonment of silver. In conclusion he said if the contest for the people was to be won it must be because the selfish demands of the east were arrayed against the states of the south and west.

Cholera in England.

London, Aug. 31.—An epidemic in Lincolnshire, at the seaport of Grimsby, has been declared officially to be Asiatic cholera, after having been called a "choleraic disease" for many days. The last victim was a woman who died on Tuesday. Several other cases before hers ended fatally. The authorities of Grimsby believe the cholera was brought to the city by the emigrants from Antwerp and Rotterdam. Yesterday a seaman died from cholera aboard of a Grimsby steamer, in the harbor of Stromness, Scotland.

FAIR CHARLESTON

North Carolina's Beautiful Capital Devastated.

WRECK AND RUIN FILL THE STREETS

The Splendid Shade Trees Torn Up By Hundreds.

Awful Fury of the Storm—Disaster in Harbor and on the Sea—Overflowing Rivers—Spoiled Crops—The Damage Roughly Estimated at One Million Dollars—Few Fatalities.

Charleston, N.C., Aug. 31.—The city has started to repair the damage wrought by the cyclone, while yet almost shut off from communication with the outside world. The sight presented yesterday was a familiar one to Charleston's residents, that of a city almost in ruins, the roadways blocked by hundreds of giant trees uprooted from the earth, sidewalks strewn with crumbling bricks and mortar, courts, alleys and by-paths under water; a magnificent water front with its costly docks, where the fleets of a continent could be harbored, wrecked. Water and wind laid waste some of the old city's pleasantest places. The work of construction began in the small hours of the day, and while the fierce gale was still blowing throughout the town, along the by-ways and on the thoroughfares the African-American citizens of Charleston, armed with big and little hatchets, cleared away the debris with a provident eye for extra firewood. Away up King street stalwart workmen with axes, picks and spades began working their way down the streets, followed by one of the familiar bobtail cars of the street railroad, on its way for Line street to the battery. As they progressed southward almost in the teeth of the gale, a hedge of evergreens arose on each side of the roadway and the street car. A rough estimate places the losses at more than $1,000,000. There are no lights in the city, the electric lights having given out. There has been no railroad communication with southern points. Six lives were lost. Rattlesnake shoals lightship was completely wrecked. The crew escaped. The schooner Morris Wickeld from Brunswick was towed here by a tug. The vessel is much injured. She reports passing through wreckage and seeing six men in the water with life preservers on. They were barely alive. No assistance could be given. All buoys marking the south channel entrance to Charleston harbor are gone. All the rivers in the state are over their banks and low land crops are ruined.

Genuine Yellow Fever.

Tampa, Fla., Aug. 31.—Newmann, a checking clerk on the pier here, is down with yellow fever. He was taken ill on Monday, and last night the doctor reported to the state health officer announcing the case as genuine yellow fever. The doctor established quarantine around Tampa piers and Tampa city. The invalid is on one of the piers now. The greatest excitement prevails and citizens are leaving in all sorts of conveyances.

Woman's Rights.

Kansas City, Kans., Aug. 31.—One of the most aggressive women's rights campaigns ever fought in this state will be commenced to-morrow in response to a call issued by Mrs. Laura M. Johns, president of the Kansas Equal Suffrage Association, and delegations of women politicians are arriving on every train. The convention will be held in the tabernacle, which has a seating capacity of some 5000, and will last two days. Among those who will address the gathering are Susan B. Anthony, Helen M. Gougar, Mary E. Lease, Carrie Lane Chapman, of New York; Emma H. Devoe, of Illinois; Sophie H. Grubb, and others of equal prominence. An odd part of the proceedings will be the participation of men who are in sympathy with the women's movement. Mrs. Johns says the coming campaign will be the greatest crusade for women's enfranchisement ever attempted, and that they propose to continue the fight through the coming winter and complete the victory in the general election of a year from November.

An Awful Discovery.

Brantford, Ont., Aug. 31.—Eighteen months ago Edward Vessey, late of the 2nd Enniskillen Fusileers, and of New Zealand, came to Forest City, Ont., and married Violet Backinham, late of Ireland, who came to London, Ont. Through a photograph of the husband sent to his wife's relatives in Ireland, it has been discovered that Edward and Violet are brother and sister. Vessey has left his home and cannot be found.

Sawn to Pieces.

Hespeler, Ont., Aug. 31.—Yesterday at the sawmill of Lewis Krebs, Frederick Bruger attempted to cross the gang that conveys the logs to the large circular saw. He fell, and before he could recover himself, his body was literally sawn to pieces.

American Dispatches.

New York, Aug. 31.—Russell Sage has obtained an extension of five days in which to file answers in the Della Keegan suit for breach of promise.

New York, Aug. 31.—Time notices intended for withdrawals of money in excess of small amounts expired yesterday in half a dozen local savings banks. Inquiry at the banks revealed the fact that only ten per cent. of the notices had been acted upon.

San Francisco, Aug. 31.—By the steamer Alameda, just arrived, it is learned that there has been a change in the situation at Samoa. Mataafa has been taken to Union island, and with him are eighteen of his chiefs. A number of his followers have been imprisoned.

GLADSTONE'S SPEECH.

A Complete Refutation of the Unionist Criticisms.

London, Aug. 29.—Continuing his remarks upon the home rule bill yesterday in the house of commons, Mr. Gladstone said no writer worthy of notice had ever attempted to defend the conduct of England toward Ireland or attempted to apologize for the grievous and shameful history, which, since the union, they had felt compelled to deplore. Mr. Gladstone, in continuing, said that the debate on the home rule bill had been distinguished by the great development of small qualities by many members. He had regarded the closure as an evil that ought to be tolerated only for the avoidance of a much greater evil. The pluck of the opposition he had considered in many respects, but it certainly was worthy of a better cause. The government had obtained substantial results in the matter of the home rule bill only at a very heavy price. By next Friday they would have expended 82 days in the discussion of the bill. This far exceeded any precedent, owing to the determination of the opposition to defeat the bill by obstruction. Those opposed to the bill had adopted a course never before adopted. They had attempted deliberately to destroy the measure by a mass of amendments, and to try to take back in morsels the boon conferred in principle. The records of the second reading showed that in committee 450 speeches had been made for the bill and 938 against it. The former had occupied 57 hours and the latter 152. "The opponents of the bill complain that it is complex," proceeded Mr. Gladstone. "If so, the complexity has resulted in its moderation. It was not, however, the complexity of the bill, but the complexity of the amendments which consumed that time. It must be borne in mind that the Irish never admitted the moral authority of the union. If, therefore, the resistance to this measure were to be bitter, obstinate and prolonged, the question of repeal might finally become an international one. I say now to those who complain of the complexity of the bill, as if it were a capital offence, it is but the natural consequence of the adoption by the Irish members of those counsels of moderation to which they adhered throughout the interminable discussion in committee. (Cheers.) It was contended that the bill would separate the islands; would destroy the constitution, would break up the empire, would annihilate the control of financial matters by the house of commons, would make Irishmen supreme in British affairs, and would impose virtual slavery upon the minority in Ireland.

"Now, suppose these enormous, hideous, monstrous falsehoods be true, have they not then had a terrible recoil upon ourselves. Must we not admit, after 700 years of British connection with Ireland, the result of our treatment; that we have brought her to such a state that she cannot, without danger and ruin, undertake responsibilities which in every other country are found to be within the capacity of the people and fraught with the richest benefits. (Prolonged Nationalist cheers.) We repel the charges that have been made by the opposition. We deny that the brand of incapacity has been laid by the Almighty upon any particular part of our race, when every other branch has displayed capability on the same subject, and has attained to a success which is an example to the world. We have faith in national liberty, faith in its efficacy as an instrument of national education. Our belief that experience will pass over the whole vast field encourages us to work at every point. Finally, we feel that the passing of this great measure, after more than eighty days' debate, does, will and must constitute the greatest among the steps provided toward the attainment of a certain and early triumph.'

Prolonged cheers from the Irish and ministerial benches followed Mr. Gladstone's peroration. Leonard Courtney, Unionist for the Bodmin division of Cornwall, moved the rejection of the bill. He spoke briefly. John Redmond, Parnellite, who followed Mr. Courtney, defined his attitude towards the bill. The time occupied by discussion in committee, he said, had been spent properly for the most part. The bill was defective in some respects and disappointing in others. The financial arrangement was ungenerous and unjust, and he regretted that the efforts of the Nationalists to improve it had not been successful. The amendment had tended to weaken rather than strengthen the bill. Nobody in his senses could regard the bill as a final and satisfactory settlement of the great questions at issue. The word "provisional" was stamped on every page.

Quelling the Arabs.

Zanzibar, Aug. 30.—The British cruiser Blanche, which left here about ten days ago to quell a muting of the Arabs against the East Africa Company's employees on the island of Kismayoo, arrived there on August 23, and rescued all of the company's servants at the port of Kismayoo, excepting the chief agent, who had been killed. The steamer Kenia, in Kismayoo harbor, was hard pressed by the Arabs, and was saved from destruction only by the early arrival of the Blanche. The marines drove the Arabs into the interior of the island, after having killed and wounded many and having burned several of their villages.

American Stock Market.

New York, Aug. 30.—The stock market to-day was in the main buoyant, with a material increase in the volume of business and general and sharp advance in prices. A further large purchase for European account and a considerable demand from local operators led to a rise of 1-2 to 3 1-2 per cent. in the active list and 2 to 9 per cent. in the specialties. The recent action of the house on the silver bill is still the dominant factor in Wall street markets, it having revived the investment demand for securities and started up renewed activity among the professional operators. The easier feeling in the money market and the resumption of business by banks and firms which suspended some time ago on account of the severe stringency in money, have afforded material aid in the restoration of confidence. The improvement in stocks has naturally been stimulated by the substantial recoveries in bonds of various descriptions. During the afternoon prices reacted 1-2 to 2 1-2 per cent., American sugar leading, as it did the previous advance. When the bears found that holders were disposed to take profits they hammered the list, and were assisted by exaggerated reports from Chicago as to the alleged riots in that city. The sales reached 296,775 shares, including 63,222 unlisted stocks. Closing bids: Atchison, 17 1-2; Burlington & Quincy, 79 7-8; Canada Southern, 6 1-2; Canadian Pacific, 74 3-4; Central Pacific, 29 1-4; Delaware, 135 1-2; Erie, 14; New York Central, 91 1-2; Wells Fargo, 128; Great Northern preferred, 102; Lake Shore, 118; Louisville & Nashville, 64 5-8; Missouri Pacific, 22 1-4; New England, 22 1-4; North Aerican, 47 1-8; Northern Pacific, 6 1-8; Northern Pacific preferred, 23; Oregon Navigation, 40; Pacific Mail, 14 1-4; Rio Grande, 17 5-8; Rock Island, 61 1-4; Southern Pacific, 20 1-2; Texas Pacific, 6 1-4; Union Pacific, 22 3-8; Western Union, 79 7-8; bar silver, 73 3-4 per ounce.

Gold Mines in La Beauce

New York, Aug. 30.—It is reported here to-day that a syndicate composed of J. B. Haggin, John W. McKay and Senator Jones of Nevada, has about concluded arrangements for the purchase of all the gold mines and interests in the Beauce mining district in the province of Quebec. The mines are located about seventy-five miles north of the city of Quebec, and are known as the Gilbert river gold mines. A mining expert, Wight Crittenden, who has been all over Mexico, South America and South Africa, in the interests of the Haggin syndicate, is making an examination of the mines in the Beauce district, and has already made one report, in which he says he has found a large number of gold-bearing quartz veins. Any report made by Crittenden, who is a practical miner, is regarded by mining men as beyond dispute, and the very fact that he is making the examination satisfies Wall street that the purchase of the Haggin syndicate is practically settled upon. One group of mines in this district is owned by a number of Portland and Boston merchants, but it is reported that arrangements have been made for the transfer of this property to Haggin and his associates. The value of all the mines is away up in the millions. Mining men here are much interested in the outcome of the deal, as the same syndicate is reported to have recently secured some of the richest mines of Chili in return for cash advances made at the time of the Chilian war. Crittenden has lately returned from Chili, where he went in the interests of the syndicate, but all he would say about the trip was that he had secured some very rich mines. None of the principals who were seen to-day would discuss the deal at all.

Colorado's New Party.

Denver, Col., Aug. 31.—A call for a meeting to organize a free silver and free trade party was issued to-day. It is signed by many of the leading Republicans and Democrats of the city and convention will be held at Coliseum hall on Thursday afternoon. Several informal conferences were held to-day, and the feeling was generally in favor of the formation of a new party, whose planks, besides free trade and free silver, shall be western rights and anti-monopoly and retaliation. Leading Republican politicians of this city were seen to-day and none of them were opposed to the party idea. Until the establishment of this party is settled, no action will be taken toward calling the Republican county convention. There is no doubt the organization will be brought into existence.

Cleveland's Cancer.

Philadelphia, Aug. 30.—The Press publishes a four column article reiterating the statement that President Cleveland submitted to an operation on the yacht Oneida for removal of cancer, requiring the cutting away of a considerable part of the upper jawbone. So far there have been no serious effects. The Press says Cleveland is still very ill, and the physicians fear the mortal disease is still lurking in his system. A few days ago Col. Lamont said in New York: "The president is a sick man; how sick we cannot tell." The Press says this operation took place at the time of the president's previous visit to Buzzard's Bay. The wound seemed to heal easily. Naturally the physicians hope that all the virus is removed and that full recovery will result. Cleveland is said to be improving daily.

Says She Has It.

Chicago, Aug. 30.—At the Anthropological congress at the World's Fair today, Mrs. Zella Nuttall read papers giving for the first time the interpretation of the ancient Aztec calendar. Scholars declare it to be the most important discovery of the kind of the century, as it furnishes a key to much of the life and arts at least of the six nations, the early inhabitants of Mexico, and possibly may lead to a translation of the hieroglyphics on the ruins of early Mexican and Central American cities. The accuracy of this calendar, which is said to be in advance of any system now in use, gives evidence of the high civilization and mathematical attainments of the ancient inhabitants of America. It is entirely different from any system known to ancient Europe, Asia or Africa. It is estimated that at least 400 years of astronomical observation was necessary to perfect this calendar. It furnishes the key also to the religion, architecture and domestic life of that people.

The Old Hampshire.

New York, Aug. 28.—The New York reserve will leave on its third annual cruise to-day. The cruise is to be made in the old frigate New Hampshire, which was recently renovated by the city at a cost of $16,000. There are about 300 of the citizen marines, and for a week they will go through the regular routine work, including drills, landing parties, transporting boats by truck, target practice, arming and equipping boats, camping on the beach and sham battles.

International Trespass.

San Antonio, Texas, Aug. 28.—The pursuit of a band of Mexican cattle thieves and smugglers into the "Blood Peninsula" of Texas, about six weeks ago, by Texas Rangers commanded by Captain Frank Jones, who was killed in an encounter with outlaws, has resulted in a slight international complication. The Mexicans took refuge on an island in the Rio Grande which was supposed to be neutral ground. The rangers trailed the band to their rendezvous and attacked them. The Mexican government now alleges that the Rangers in pursuit of the outlaws invaded Mexico. The Mexican government has brought the matter to the attention of Secretary Gresham and he has asked the war department to investigate.

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

STORM SWEPT SOUTH.

Great Gales Cause Vast Damage Throughout Georgia.

Augusta, Ga., Aug. 30.—News from the storm swept district of Port Royal and Beaufort is still very meagre. News received to-night brings the startling announcement that 70 dead and swollen bodies were taken from the river to-day by searching parties. The result of today's work of relief put the number of missing at 100, but owing to the poor means of communication a correct list of dead cannot be obtained. In several places along the river eight or ten bodies were found lying on the banks close together. Graves were hastily dug near the places of discovery, and, without ceremony, the victims were placed beneath the earth. The suffering in some localities among the negroes is reported as distressing, in some cases there being only one or two left out of a whole family of ten or fifteen. The people of Beaufort and Port Royal are rendering all assistance in their power to the stricken families who lost their all in the flood.

Savannah, Ga., Aug. 30.—The steamer Birmingham, of the Ocean SS. Co., two days overdue, arrived in Savannah at 7 p. m., bringing a portion of the passengers and crew of the steamer City of Savannah, wrecked on Monday morning at 5 a. m. The City of Savannah left Boston Thursday afternoon. She met three storms on the way. Sunday's storm was the worst. The steamer beat all day Sunday, when her steam whistle was knocked off and the water began pouring into her hold. Seeing that the ship could last but a few hours longer, Capt. Savage headed her for shoal water. Early Sunday morning the steamer was bumping and scraping against the bottom in shoal water. The vessel could not be got to an easy place, however. The huge waves broke over her with increasing force and beat the boat to pieces. Wonderful as it may appear, not a life was lost from aboard the ship.

Mr. John Hungerford

Proprietor of the fine Livery stable at the West End hotel, Elmira, N. Y., says Hood's Sarsaparilla goes way ahead of anything he ever took for troubles with the

Liver and Kidneys

with which he suffered for a long time, until he took Hood's Sarsaparilla and was completely cured. Other members of his family also take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

and are highly gratified with the benefit from it.

HOOD'S PILLS are a mild, gentle, painless, safe and efficient cathartic. Always reliable. 25c

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

ROLLER FLOUR MILL

62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

The Ideal Food for Infants

—IS—

Milk Granules

Because it is practically identical in composition, taste and appearance with

MOTHER'S MILK.

It digests thoroughly without causing an undue tax on the vital energies of the infant's stomach.

Ask for

Johnston's Fluid Beef

The Great Strength Giver.

IF YOU NEED A TONIC

TAKE

STAMINAL

It not only stimulates, but builds up and strengthens. You get a **Tonic** and **Food** combined in the form of

Palatable Beef Tea.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of License Commissioners for the city of Victoria, at its next sitting, for a transfer to Robert Dudgeon, of the license now held by me, to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Mirror Saloon, situate upon the corner of Yates and Broad streets, in said city.

Dated this 5th day of July, 1893.

a4-1m EDWARD LEGG.

NOTICE

All shooting or trespass with dogs or firearms upon the Pratt Brothers' farms and swamp at Colwood, or upon W. T. Wale's "Colwood Farm" or sections 7, 36, 37 and 56, Esquimalt District, is now herewith strictly prohibited by the occupiers and owners, under penalty of the new act for this province now in force since 1st July, 1893. As to trespass etc., unowned dogs found chasing or killing sheep and other farm stock will be shot at sight.

au23-2t-w

B. C. Agricultural Association.

Parties having accounts against the B. C. Agricultural Association are requested to send them in to the undersigned at once.

A. J. DALLAIN,
Secretary.

a24-tf

Argyle House

SPECIAL VALUE.
SPECIAL VALUE.
SPECIAL VALUE.
SPECIAL VALUE.
SPECIAL VALUE.
SPECIAL VALUE.
SPECIAL VALUE.

JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED

ONE MORE CASE
ONE MORE CASE
ONE MORE CASE
ONE MORE CASE
ONE MORE CASE
ONE MORE CASE
ONE MORE CASE

OF THOSE

DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES
DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES
DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES
DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES
DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES
DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES
DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES

AT

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A YARD
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A YARD
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A YARD
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A YARD
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A YARD
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A YARD
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A YARD

J. Horner & Co.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,

The Leading Opticians, 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to revive, continue and extend the time within which the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Company, incorporated in the session of 1891, may construct its works and for other purposes.

By order of Provisional Directors.

A. DECOSMOS,
President V. S. & N. W. Ry. Co.

Victoria, B. C., July 10, 1893. j10-tf

Municipal Act 1892.

NOTICE

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a transfer from myself to George Schmith, of the said city, of the license now held by me to sell beer, wines and porter with meals at the restaurant (formerly Stein's), No. 54 Yates street, in the City of Victoria aforesaid.

July 15, 1893. C. C. FOX.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land; forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, Union. 82 Third street, Victoria.

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
NELSON, B. C.
(Mention this paper.)

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to cut and carry away timber from the following described tract of land: Commencing at post S. E. marked "W. D. Morgan," planted on the east shore of Read Island, opposite Rendezvous Islands, thence west 80 chains, thence north 100 chains, thence east to shore, thence along shore to point of commencement, containing 1000 acres more or less.

W. D. MORGAN.

Victoria, August 19, 1893. Aug 18-1m

Royal Agricultural and Industrial Society of B.C.

Exhibition

And Grand

Celebration

At New Westminster,

ON

Tuesday, September,
Wednesday,
Thursday, 26, 27, 28, 29,
Friday, 1893.

$15,000 Prizes

This exhibition Celebration is the Largest in the Dominion west of Toronto, and the Liberality of the Premium List and Prizes is unequalled in Western Canada.

First Annual Meet, Division No. 11, Canadian Wheelmen's Association

To decide Provincial Championship. The most important cycling event ever held in the Province.

Aquatic Sports and Canoe Races

Which will include Indian Races in War Canoes.

Entirely new feature of a

Log Chopping Contest

In which a large number of the best Axemen in the Province will take part. This competition is open to all comers, and handsome gold medals will be awarded the winners.

Horse Races.

Championship Lacrosse Match

Victoria vs. Westminster. Also Junior Lacrosse Tournament for Championship trophy.

Rugby and Association Football Matches, Sailors' Sports, Field Sports, Rifle Matches, Grand Ball and Promenade Concerts.

The Westminster City Band and other Bands will be present, and dispense music throughout the Exhibition Celebration.

EXCURSION RATES have been secured over all Railway and Steamboat Lines for visitors and for freight rates on exhibits.

A. B. MACKENZIE,
General Secretary.

T. J. TRAPP,
President R. A. & I. Society.

D. S. CURTIS, Mayor,
Chairman Celebration Committee.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Section 12 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-Law, 1885," which provides that

From the first day of April to the 13th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating or street sprinkling, except during the hours between 5 o'clock in the evening and 9 o'clock in the following morning, and on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In Central Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays;

In South Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays; and

In North Ward, on Wednesday and Saturdays.

And the water of the said Waterworks shall not be used for irrigating or street sprinkling outside the limits of the said City.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria B.C., June 5th, 1893.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners, to be held on the second Wednesday of September next, application will be made to the Board that the temporary permission granted on the 20th June last by the Mayor, under the authority of section 221, of the Municipal Act, 1892, for the transfer from William McHugh to William O'Connor of the retail liquor license issued under subsection 1 of section 204 of the aforesaid act, to William McHugh, for the premises known as the Victoria Hotel, situated on the south-east corner of Douglas and Fort streets, in the city of Victoria, may be ratified and extended, and that the said license may be transferred to William O'Connor.

Dated this 4th day of August, 1893, at the city of Victoria.

a4-1m WM. MCHUGH.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

—FOR FAMILY USE,—

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the House, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plummerfelt, Gorge Road.

A Novel

—FOR—

3⅓ cts.

CHOICE BOOKS almost Given Away to Readers of the

VICTORIA TIMES

The BEST BOOKS by the Best Authors at One-Third of their Value.

The Times' Book Offer

To any Times subscriber who will send us Four of the following Coupons (which may be cut from four issues of the same date, or from four issues of different dates), accompanied by Ten Cents in postage stamps, we will send post-paid by mail Any Three Books to be selected by yourself from the list printed below:—

The Victoria Times Coupon.

Name of the 3 Books Wanted .....

Your Name .....

Your Address, No. ..... Street .....

Town or City .....

Cut out and send to this office Four of the above coupons, together with Ten Cents, and we will send you post-paid Any Three of the following books:—

No. 1. THE SCARLET LETTER. By Nathaniel Hawthorne.
No. 2. THE MYSTERY OF COLDFELL; or, NOT PROVEN. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 3. UNDER THE RED FLAG. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 4. KING SOLOMON'S MINES. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 5. AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS. By Jules Verne.
No. 6. THE CORSICAN BROTHERS. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 7. LADY GRACE. By Mrs. Henry Wood.
No. 8. AVERIL. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 9. THE BLACK DWARF. By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 10. A NOBLE LIFE. By Miss Mulock.
No. 11. THE BELLE OF LYNN; or, THE MILLER'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 12. THE BLACK TULIP. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 13. THE DUCHESS. By "The Duchess."
No. 14. NURSE REVEL'S MISTAKE. By Florence Warden.
No. 15. MERLE'S CRUSADE. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 16. A STUDY IN SCARLET. By A. Conan Doyle.
No. 17. ROCK RUIN; or, THE DAUGHTER OF THE ISLAND. By Mrs. Ann S. Stephens.
No. 18. LORD LISLE'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 19. THE ARMORER OF TYRE. By Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.
No. 20. MR. GILFIL'S LOVE STORY. By George Eliot.
No. 21. A SCARLET SIN. By Florence Marryatt.
No. 22. THE SEA KING. By Captain Marryatt.
No. 23. THE SIEGE OF GRANADA. By Sir E. Bulwer Lytton.
No. 24. MR. MEESON'S WILL. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 25. JENNY BARLOWE. By W. Clarke Russell.
No. 26. BEATON'S BARGAIN. By Mrs. Alexander.
No. 27. THE SQUIRE'S DARLING. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 28. THE RUSSIAN GIPSY. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 29. THE WANDERING HEIR. By Charles Reade.
No. 30. FLOWER AND WEED. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 31. NO THOROUGHFARE. By Chas. Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 32. THE GREAT HOGGARTY DIAMOND. By W. M. Thackeray.

The above books are well printed and bound in paper covers. They are sold regularly at retail for ten cents each, so that our offer enables our readers to buy them at one-third of their value. It is a chance to secure standard works of fiction at merely nominal cost.

One of the above coupons will be published in every issue of the Times until further notice. Cut out and save them until you have four, when they can be sent to the office and the three books of your selection obtained. Then you can again save the coupons until you have four more when you can secure three more books, and so on.

We make this liberal offer, whereby some of the best works of fiction in the English language may be secured by our readers for the merest trifle of expense, in order to increase our circulation. Our Present Readers will Greatly Oblige us by Calling the attention of their Friends to the fact that by buying The Times they can secure the advantages of our Great Book Offer. Address,—

(N.B.—Of the stock of books first received, several of the numbers in the above list are exhausted, but another supply will be received in two weeks' time. All orders which include any of the missing numbers will be filled pending arrival of new supply. This explanation will account for any delay that may occur in receiving books.)

THE TIMES,
Victoria, B. C.

AUCTION SALES.

Auction Sale

STR. "T. W. CARTER" FOR SALE.

I have received instructions from the Mortgagees to sell by Auction, to the highest bidder, on

SEPTEMBER 6th, at 1 O'CLOCK

At my Sales Room, 40 Yates Street, the Str. T. W. Carter.

Full particulars at Spratt & Gray's, Work Street, Victoria, or to

W. R. CLARKE,
Auctioneer.

au28-td

AUCTION SALE

I am instructed by Messrs. Brice & Greaves to sell by Public Auction at my Sales Room,

No. 40 YATES STREET,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 6

At the hour of 11 a.m.,

The Good Will License and Lease of the AMERICAN HOTEL, Yates Street, also the Fixtures, Pictures, Furniture, Etc.

TERMS CASH.

W. R. CLARKE,
Auctioneer.

au26

AUCTION SALE

—OF THE—

Most Valuable and Desirable Properties Ever Offered in Victoria.

I am instructed by the assignees of the estate of A. J. Smith, with the concurrence of the mortgagees, to sell by Public Auction in my Auction Room,

40 YATES ST.,

At 12 o'clock noon, on

THURSDAY, SEPT. 7

—ALL THE—

REAL ESTATE

Property belonging to the estate, and situated on Birdcage Walk, Superior St., and Michigan St., with

FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCES,

Also the property on Erie street with a newly-erected

SAWMILL.

Finest Machinery, etc. Wharf, 120 feet water frontage.

For full particulars see posters or apply to

W. R. CLARKE, AUCTIONEER.

G. A. PERRIN,
P. J. A. SCHWENGERS,
Assignees.

au21

The Largest Photograph.

It is seven feet long and fifty inches high, and is a photograph of a relief map of the United States, showing the oil-bearing districts. Photographers stand before the colored transparency in the north gallery of the mines building and declare it to be the biggest thing in the exposition, and so it is, from their standpoint. J. K. Hillers, of the United States geological survey, is the man who made the wonderful photograph.

The model relief map was started three years ago. It is made of wood veneers, one thirty-second of an inch thick, each thickness representing 100 feet of elevation. The map was built up of these veneers, and then carved in relief and a plaster cast taken. With the light striking it from the northwest, it was photographed, the lights and shadows giving it a beautiful tone. When the negative was transferred to paper, the states, lakes, and names were drawn in, and a negative was taken from it twenty inches square. This negative was enlarged to the size of the transparency, 54 inches by 50 inches.

No ordinary camera could do the work so the photographer had made a camera of a room twelve by fifteen feet in size. The room was blackened inside, and made light and even air-tight. The shutter was placed in the window and the lens in the shutter. Mr. Hillers had three expert photographers assisting him.

The work was focussed on a ground-glass plate the same size as the photograph. This was done by three men holding the plate and moving it back and forth until the proper focus was secured. Then the sensitive plate was made ready. This was a piece of American plate glass, three-eighths of an inch thick, made and polished for this particular picture. The photographers had to wait two months for proper conditions of light and temperature. A work of this nature had never before been attempted on such a large scale. Mr. Hillers was obliged to feel his way for he did not know just how long the plate should be exposed. A test was first made with a small plate, and this gave him an approximate measure of time.

With rare good fortune, the first exposure of the new plate was a success, and a beautiful photograph was secured. Then a specially arranged hose was turned against the big plate to wash away the chemicals. It took an hour to do this. After the toning process came the matter of varnish. This was a critical phase of the operation. The plate was laid on four rubber balls, one at each corner, and Photographer Hillers tilted it while an assistant poured on half a gallon of varnish. Success still remained with him, and the transparency was ready for its colors. It took four months from the beginning, when the first negative of the map was taken, to finish the transparency. It is valued at $5000.—Chicago Record.

THE NEW NEIGHBORS.

It was a cause of much concern
To Mrs. Eustace Gray
To find out who had hired the house
That stood across the way.
She watched the furniture that came,
And scrutinized it all,
To see if it was requisite
That she should make a call.

But all her doubts were set at rest
After the people came,
And Mrs. Gray will never call,
Or know her neighbor's name;
For one fine day, alas! she saw—
The scenery thrills her yet—
A neatly painted sign hung out,
"Nice Furnished Rooms to Let."

—Somerville Journal.

Do you read the testimonials published in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla? They are thoroughly reliable and worthy your

SPAIN AND ITALY.

Two Countries That Are Threatened With National Bankruptcy.

Paul Leroy-Beaulieu in a paper in L'Economist Francais says:

Two great countries in Europe, Spain and Italy, are on the eve of bankruptcy. Spain is in the most critical situation, and Italy is travelling with rapidity to a situation of the same kind.

Unless there is a sudden and immediate return of energy, of supreme energy, with large retrenchments in the budget, by scores of millions of francs, and the imposition of serious taxes, the insolvency of Spain is certain. It is a fit time to repeat the words of Mirabeau: "Bankruptcy, hideous bankruptcy, is knocking at the door and you deliberate eternally." Mirabeau was a prophet. Unfortunately the probabilities are many that Spain at the present moment does not know how near she is to, and does not wish to escape from, bankruptcy.

The great evil in both these countries—as well, it may be added, in Portugal and Greece—is the enormous and interrupted deficits. During the last fifteen years Spain has regularly expended from 60,000,000 to 80,000,000 francs more than she has received. She has committed another fault in allowing the accumulation of an enormous floating debt, amounting to between 700,000,000 and 800,000,000 francs. Two years and a half ago she could have easily consolidated this floating debt. That would not have rendered her situation good, because the annual receipts would have continued to be insufficient for the annual expenses; but the treasury would have had to face only the deficits of each year. Now, however, the weight of this floating debt is so colossal that every addition to it—and an addition is made every day, threatens to drown the whole and will end by drowning everything.

In this state of the case, the foreign public refusing to touch a Spanish loan, and the national public subscribing a sum insufficient for new loans, nothing can be done but to carry deficits from one year to another in the hope of better times. The government makes application to the Bank of Spain, which issues constantly more notes, that depreciate in value. This depreciation increases the deficits.

It does not help the situation that the Bank of Spain had in its vaults on the 9th of July, 1893, 197,000,000 francs in gold and 161,000,000 in silver, being an increase in twelve months of 33,000,000 francs in silver and 8,000,000 in gold. Far better have less specie and fewer bank notes. Of these last the amount standing on July 8th, 1893, was 918,000,000 francs, being an increase of 83,000,000 in a year. Beyond a doubt the amount of circulation next year will be more than 100,000,000 francs. The bank notes were from 12 to 16 per cent. below this year. Each new depreciation causes an enormous loss to the treasury.

Nothing but heroic measures can now save Spain from insolvency; and there is hardly any probability that the government on the one hand and the Spanish capitalists on the other will make sufficient efforts to save the finances of the country.

I am sorry to have to say that the situation of Italy also appears to me seriously compromised and that she, without suspecting it, is advancing fast to insolvency. Between Spain and Italy there are sensible differences: Italy is better acquainted than Spain with financial principles; she has not so great a floating debt as Spain; but on the other hand Italy has not so large a margin of taxation left as Spain has, if she were willing to use it. The taxes are already excessively heavy in Italy. I have often cited this country as the most heavily taxed in Europe. That is not to say that no more taxes can be laid in Italy; but it is in the way of economy that she must act, and that with decision and promptness.

Italy, like Spain, has a monetary question. Her bank notes have depreciated in value 8 per cent., and it will not be long before the depreciation reaches to 10 or 15 per cent. Then the appreciation will be singularly difficult and the depreciation may be accelerated by a very slight incident. The circulation of the Bank of Italy, not to speak of other banks, increased from 533,000,000 francs on June 10, 1892, to 636,000,000 francs on June 20, 1893

The most disquieting factor in the Italian situation is that the Italians appear to be unaware of their peril. Statesmen and prominent private persons in Italy employ language which shows that they are under an illusion. Their country is approaching insolvency every day, and they do not see it.

Unhappily the national pride, certainly a legitimate sentiment, obscures the path. Spain and Italy should, without any delay, do what France did at the time of the Restoration, that is, manfully do away with the greater part of their military and maritime armaments and public works. Such a policy saved France in 1815, and restored to her in a few years all the elasticity and disposability of her resources. Without a reduction in military and maritime armaments I fear that the insolvency of Spain is a question not of years but of months, and that the insolvency of Italy cannot be averted much longer There should be also great reductions in public works.

In Spain the field is clear for radical economies; Italy is exhausting herself by armaments in view of a hypothetical war, of which the probability decreases from day to day. By reducing in time their excessive expenditures these states would become strong again in five or six years; by continuing their present expenditures they will fall in a brief period into absolute powerlessness. If prudent spirits do not very soon get control of affairs in the two countries, if they do not bring about a policy like that of the Restoration after 1815, like that of Russia after 1856, there is every reason for fearing that, after one or two years, the list of insolvent countries will be increased by the names of one or two great countries of Europe, and that it would be a general misfortune, for the whole civilized world feels crises which fall thus on great countries

Caused by the Currency.

"Before you go down town, Cyrus," said the wife, "you must not forget to leave me 50 cents. I've got to buy some things this morning."

"This abominable extravagance of yours, Belinda," replied Mr. Kneer, opening his pocketbook with visible reluctance, "is what is keeping us poor. Where, I should like to know," he continued, becoming excited, "is the 50 cents I gave you last week? What have you done with it? Fifty cents in clean, cold, cash, madam, gone in less than six days, and gone for nothing! What have you got to show for it? Do you think I'm made of money?" demanded Mr. Kneer, taking out a coin and slapping it down on the table. "Do you—"

"Don't say any more, Cyrus!" exclaimed Mrs. Kneer, with tears in her eyes, and putting her hand hurriedly over the money. "I'll not spend any more of it than I am actually obliged to spend, and I thank you ever so much!"

With a mollified grunt Cyrus put his purse back in his pocket, took his hat, and went down town; and in less than half an hour Mrs. Kneer, trembling with eagerness, was on the way to the great dry goods stores.

For Mr. Cyrus Kneer, by the most calamitous and unaccountable blunder of his whole life, had given her a $20 gold piece, instead of a 50 cent piece.—Chicago Tribune.

G. W. Dawson M. P., and Clark Wallace.

The following communication appears in the Kingston Whig:

Will you permit me through the Whig to correct a misstatement in the report submitted to the Supreme Orange Lodge, in session at Sault. Ste. Marie, by Major Sam Hughes, M.P., chairman of the committee on correspondence. The report stated:

"Your committee, after due enquiry, has learned that the person put forward to attack our M. W. G. M., N. Clarke Wallace, is a man formerly an Orangeman, but for years not in connection with the order. Your committee, however, recommends that prompt action be taken so as to enquire fully into the premises, to give the offender an opportunity of explaining his unbrotherly conduct in the House of Commons, for Mr. Dawson, the member referred to, spoke as an Orangeman, and deal with him accordingly."

As a matter of fact, the committee did not make due enquiry. His Parliamentary Companion would have given Major Hughes my address, reference to the Grand Lodge records would have revealed the fact L. O. L. No. 1,159 meets at Plevna—my home—and that Bro. Jas. Stalker is W. M. thereof. Had the committee desired to ascertain the fact Bro. Stalker would have told them that I am now, and have been continuously for seventeen years, a member in good standing of L. O. L. No. 1,159, that I have been Master, District Master and County Master, and that I am still an officer of my lodge; that in seventeen years I have been absent from sixteen meetings only, and that I have never yet failed to meet my brethren on the 12th of July. My brethren everywhere may feel assured that my resolution declaring that the the action of N. Clarke Wallace in expressing sympathy with and holding out the hope of active aid to those who threaten to levy war in Ireland against Her Majesty is deserving of the severest censure at the hands of this House, was moved in perfect good faith by a brother in good standing, who believes the intemperate utterances of the Grand Master on the occasion referred to are inconsistent with those professions of loyalty so often made by him, and that the resolution was not submitted by a man formerly an Orangeman, but for years not in connection with the order, as Major Sam Hughes endeavored to make it appear.

Will you permit me to assure the Grand Lodge that the offender is quite prepared to explain his unbrotherly conduct in the House of Commons or elsewhere whenever it may please them to graciously afford the opportunity recommended by the committee, and in return the offender will be pleased to learn wherein the Orange constitution justifies the M. W. G. M. in pledging our active aid, if active aid be necessary, to our friends in Ireland who have asserted their inalterable determination never to submit to that local legislature which Mr. Gladstone and his government wish to establish in Dublin, and which Her Majesty on opening the present session of Parliament declared from the throne to be designed to afford contentment to the Irish people, important relief to Parliament and additional securities for the strength and union of the empire.

Let me, in conclusion, further assure the Grand Lodge that the recommendation to deal with me will not deter me, or any other Orangeman who loves liberty and the priceless privilege of self-government, from sternly condemning seditious utterances whether made by friend or foe, Saxon or Celt—Ever yours, faithfully, George W. Dawson.

Persecution of the Armenians.

The treatment of the prisoners at Caesarea and Angora was of the most barbarous kind. Thrown into a damp underground cell, already nearly full of Turkish prisoners, they were at once set upon by the latter, who beat them until confession was extracted. If, however, the Armenians refused to confess and to give the names of other Armenian Christians, they were beaten with sticks until their bodies were a mass of bruises, and they fell fainting to the ground. The "barber," an official whose chief duty it was on these occasions to bleed the prisoners, was then called in and cut the swollen and blackened flesh of the victims in order to let the blood flow. The prisoners were then allowed to partially recover, after which the torture recommenced. Prisoners were also hanged to a beam by the neck or feet and beaten. In several cases at Caesarea and Sivas prisoners were left hanging by the feet for several days, when red-hot irons were applied to several parts of the body. Armenian prisoners were thrown upon benches and gagged, surrounded by their Turkish fellow prisoners, who shouted and sang songs and choruses in order to drown the cries of the unhappy men.

As a result of this treatment five of the prisoners at Caesarea were prevailed upon to sign a paper stating that M. M. Thoumaian and Kayayan were the leaders of a revolutionary movement in the vilayets of Sivas and Angora, and a telegram was at once sent to Husref Pasha ordering the arrest of the two professors. The latter was put in prison at Marsovan, but were given separate rooms, the other Armenians, about 80 in number, being thrown into the common dungeon. Owing to the presence of the American consul and the popularity of the two teachers, they were not subjected to any torture at Marsovan. During the preliminary inquiry there they were kept in solitary confinement, and not allowed to read or write. This lasted from January 28th until February 22nd, when they were permitted to converse with one another. They remained in the Marsovan prison until March 21. On that date, at about midnight, the two professors and 34 Armenian prisoners against whom suspicion was chiefly directed, were dragged from their beds and transported in wagons to Chorum, about a day's journey. The horrors of this journey were increased by the intense cold and the fact that, through blinding snow, the wretched prisoners, all of whom were in stocks, had to travel with scarcely any clothing. They were quite ignorant of where they were being taken. They were accompanied by a detachment of 150 soldiers. For the first five days after their arrival at Chorum prison the stocks were never once taken off them and they suffered intense agony. The stocks were roughly fashioned in wood, were very heavy, and kept the arms and hands in such a position that after a time the pain was maddening. The hands could not be moved from their position across the breast, and it was impossible to convey food to the mouth. For the purpose of taking nourishment, the men thus bound were taken in line and the food placed in their mouths by their Turkish fellow prisoners, who extracted it from a dish with their fingers. After a time the wooden stocks were replaced by iron collars placed around the neck and attached to chains, by which six or seven prisoners were fastened together with only about two feet of space between. This necessitates all the prisoners moving together.—London Daily News.

True Philanthropy.

To the Editor:—Please inform your readers that I will mail free to all sufferers the means by which I was restored to health and manly vigor after years of suffering from Nervous Weakness. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but thanks to heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong. I have nothing to sell and no scheme to extort money from anyone whomsoever, but being desirous to make this certain cure known to all, I will send free and confidential to anyone full particulars of just how I was cured. Address with stamps:—

MR. EDWARD MARTIN (Teacher),
P.O. Box 143, Detroit, Mich.

A Metal That Hardens Steel.

The reason that the mixture of tungsten with steel gives the latter so great a degree of hardness that it readily scratches glass and quartz, seems to be revealed by a discovery recently made in Germany. A definitely crystallized compound of iron and tungsten has been discovered, the crystals being so hard as to scratch topaz. Tungsten is a brittle white metal, almost as heavy as gold. The crystals, remarks the Paper Trade, as formed by its combination with iron, in the proportion of one atom of iron to two of tungsten, are silver gray, and very brilliant. It is thought that when tungsten is alloyed with steel some of the compound just described is formed in the mass, thereby producing the remarkable increase in the hardness of the steel. This is an interesting example of value that one metal may lend to another; for, until the discovery that it could be used in hardening steel, tungsten, although it occurs in considerable abundance, was practically useless and without value.—Mechanical News, New York, August 1.

Cheapest Boarding House

IN TOWN.

Rock Bay Hotel

NEW HOUSE.
NEW FURNITURE.

Best Accommodation for the Least Money.

Single Room .... And Board $5 A WEEK

Bar will be run in the same manner as St. George's Hotel. Beer, 5 cents a schooner; 10 cents a pot.

BEN. CARTER,
Proprietor.

jy31-1m

Real Estate.

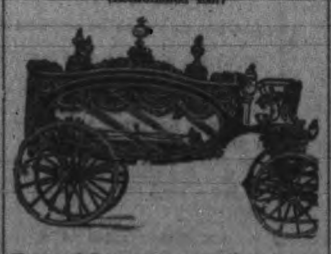
1 House, full sized lot, fenced, close to tram only $850; cash $150; balance on easy terms at 8 per cent.; cheap.
1 House and Lot, Creighflower Road, only $750; cash $100; balance at 8 per cent., easy terms.
Acre Blocks, $2-0; 1 acre Blocks at $500; easy terms.
50 acres of good Land, 9 miles from city, railway crosses it; very cheap, $50 per acre.
100 acres of good land; 9 miles from city; very cheap, $25 per acre.
100 acres, Improved; 12 heifers, 5 pigs, 4 dos chickens, 1 horse, 1 cottage, woodshed, coach, chicken house, etc.; $2000 good terms.
99 acres, Cobble Hill, fine improved farm, $4,800.
200 acres, Cobble Hill, improved; $3,000, very easy terms.
63 acres, Cadboro Bay, 4 miles from P. O., under cultivation, with improvements costing $7,000; land $200 per acre; improvements $4 000; good terms.
Kasio lots, in good position, cheap.
Several good Houses to Rent.

A. WILLIAMS,

5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867)



Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Government street Victoria.

NOTICE

Johnson Street from Chambers Street eastward will be closed until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

jy29-tf

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an act to incorporate a company to construct, equip, maintain and operate a line of railway from some point on the gulf of Georgia, in Delta Municipality, thence by the most feasible route to the city of New Westminster, with power to construct a branch line extending from some point in Delta Municipality in an easterly direction through the municipalities of Surrey, Langley and Matsqui to a point at or near Abbotsford.

Dated the 29th day of August, 1893.

BOLWELL & IRVING,
Solicitors for the Applicants.

a29-tf

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 18.

To Take Effect at 9.00 a.m. on Monday, May 1st, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.		STATIONS.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.	
Ar	Lv		Lv	Ar
12.50 P M	1.00 P M	VICTORIA	8.00 A M	3.40 P M
12.54 "	1.04 "	BURNSIDE	7.56 "	3.36 "
12.57 "	1.07 "	ESQUIMALT	7.53 "	3.33 "
1.04 "	1.14 "	GOLDSTREAM	7.46 "	3.26 "
1.10 "	1.20 "	QUALICUM SIDING	7.40 "	3.20 "
1.20 "	1.30 "	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	7.30 "	3.10 "
1.26 "	1.36 "	COBBLE HILL	7.24 "	3.04 "
1.37 "	1.47 "	MERRIDALES	7.13 "	2.53 "
1.44 "	1.54 "	DUNCANS	7.06 "	2.46 "
1.52 "	2.02 "	KOKSILAH	6.58 "	2.38 "
1.57 "	2.07 "	CHEMAINUS	6.53 "	2.33 "
2.20 "	2.30 "	OYSTER BAY SIDING	6.30 "	2.10 "
4.42 "	4.50 "	NANAIMO	4.00 "	12.00 M
5.10 "	5.20 "	WELLINGTON	3.30 "	11.30 A M

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN. No. 4 Passenger Friday, Sunday & Monday.		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND. READ UP. No. 3 Passenger Tuesday, Thursday & Saturday.	
Lv	Ar		Lv	Ar
3.00 P M	Do.	VICTORIA	8.00 P M	Do.
3.26 "	*	BURNSIDE	7.36 "	*
3.30 "	*	GOLDSTREAM	7.32 "	*
3.36 "	*	ESQUIMALT	7.26 "	*
3.44 "	*	QUALICUM SIDING	7.18 "	*
3.54 "	*	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	7.08 "	*
4.00 "	*	COBBLE HILL	7.02 "	*
4.09 "	*	MERRIDALES	6.53 "	*
4.17 "	*	DUNCANS	6.45 "	*
4.24 "	*	KOKSILAH	6.38 "	*
4.29 "	*	CHEMAINUS	6.33 "	*
4.50 "	*	OYSTER BAY SIDING	6.10 "	*
6.30 "	4.42 "	NANAIMO	4.00 "	12.00 M
6.40 "	4.52 "	WELLINGTON	3.50 "	11.50 A M

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 21,

Taking effect August 22nd, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2.30 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 12 A.M

Walla Walla . . . Sept. 1

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The Great Overland Route

QUICKEST AND SHORTEST

To All Points East and South.

UNSURPASSED SCENERY ROADBED EQUIPMENT.

No dust, through Pullman Cars and elegant Tourist Cars on all trains.

Special Through Rates

To and from any part of Europe by all transatlantic lines.

Intending travellers should take advantage of the very low rates offered by the C.P.R. to eastern points.

Banff National Park Excursion Tickets

Good for 60 days to Banff and return during summer months,

$ ONLY $30.00 $

Grand fishing and shooting, Okanagan Lake, Kootenay, Steamer "Aberdeen" running from Okanagan Landing to Penticton Monday Wednesday and Friday.

For further particulars apply to

G. L. COURTNEY,
Agent C.P.R.,
Cor. Government and Fort streets.

GEO. McL. BROWN,
Dist. Passenger Agent,
Vancouver.

— THE —

Northern Pacific

RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

Itrums Two Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul, with Palace Sleepers (in charge of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

— ELEGANT DAY COACHES —

A Continuous Line commencing with all lines allo rain direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, Asia and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains routes and other details furnished on application any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED 18 knots	Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."				TONNAGE 1117
		M			
8 00 am	Lv	91	....Tacoma....	110	Ar 5 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	23	....Seattle....	82	Lv 3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv 11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria†...	34	Lv 8 30 pm

Port Townsend Mail Route.

		M				
	Lv	91			A	
11 00 pm	Lv	23	...*Seattle....	58	Ar	2 pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	.Port Madison	42	Lv	1 10 pm
	Lv	45	...Kingston...	11	Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	.Port Gamble.	21	Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73	.Port Ludlow.	13	Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	86	Pt. Townsend	30	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Monday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent
Victoria B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent.
Washington, Portland, Or.

121 Fire

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

— AND —

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address

TEOS A. GRAHAM
Dist. Pass. Agent
No. 1105 Pacific Ave.
Tacoma, Wash.

E. P. ROGERS
Asst. Gen. Pgr. and Pass. Agt.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Vaides Island every alternate Thursday at.....7 a.m.
" Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply, board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

For Honolulu,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, September 30, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer

Alameda..... Thursday, 21st Sept., at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.

SHORT LINE EAST AND WEST

Great Northern Railway

Passengers for Chicago and the East save one night of travel via this route.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 8.30 p.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, and the East.

The only trans-continental line running Buffet cars, containing bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., first-class coaches, and free tourist sleepers.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanogan country. At Beaver's Ferry with steamers from Rock Island worth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America, and a line free from dust.

For information, or publications, apply to

C. A. RATERAY,
General Agent,
Adelphi Block, Government street, next to Post office.

F. I. WHITNEY,
G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc., (late with Dr. John Woods, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 150 Johnson Street. Telephone 182, residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT,
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 32.

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

J. DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary.
ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each m. in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.
fe13

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., R.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.
ja15

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 5, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
A. A. BROWN, Secretary.
jy8

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 139, G.R.C. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited.
E. LANGLEY, Scribe E.
1-19

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight are cordially invited to attend.
R. PERRONS, K. of R. & S.
oct8

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANOS TUNED.
JAMES SHERIDAN,
Of thirty years standing in the City. Pianos, Organs and all kinds of Musical Instruments thoroughly tuned, regulated and repaired.
Address—Room 3, Gospel Hall, Oriental Avenue, between Yates and Johnson Streets.

QUEEN'S MARKET,
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 138

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE,
137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

Office Removal.

DR. GARROW has severed his connection with the W. H. Keeley Gold Cure Co'y, and will in future devote all his time to general practice. Omce in Clarence Block, over Hall & Co'y's Drug Store. au21

Removal Office.

DR. H. D. LEITCH
Office: Williams Block,
Opposite Driard; Telephone 220.
Residence: 129 Quadra St. Telephone 181.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Shase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
934 Douglas Street.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting as a Licensing Court for a transfer to Robert Greaves of my interest in the license issued to Harry Brice and myself for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors upon the premises known as the "American Hotel" situate upon the south side of Yates street in the City of Victoria.
Dated this 7th day of August, 1893.
ROBERT DUDGEON.
a7-1m

SHAWNIGAN LAKE HOTEL

Splendid Summer Resort.

Good Fishing and Hunting. Cottages to let for families or parties. First-class accommodations. GEORGE KONRO, Proprietor.
ja30-4m

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCURSION TO SEATTLE
—ON—
Saturday, September 2nd,
Under the patronage of
The Ancient Order of Foresters.

The Favorite Steamer "JOAN" will leave Janion's wharf at 7 a.m. sharp on Saturday, September 2nd; returning, will leave Seattle about 8 p.m.

TICKETS FOR THE ROUND TRIP, $1.50.

To be obtained at the following places: H. L. Salmon, Watson & Hall, Gilmore & McCandless, E. J. Salmon, H. Waller, and Saunders' Restaurant.
Berths and State Rooms may be procured at the E. & N. Ry. Ticket Office, Store street. a28-td

EXCURSION
—TO—
VANCOUVER
—ON—
SATURDAY, SEPT. 2nd

LACROSSE MATCH,
VICTORIA vs. VANCOUVER.

The C. P. N. Co's Magnificent Steamer "Yosemite" will run an Excursion to Vancouver on this date to give Victorians a chance to visit Vancouver and see this match, at the remarkably low rate of

$1.50 FOR THE ROUND TRIP,

Including admission to the grounds.
Steamer will leave C.P.N. wharf at 7.30 sharp, and returning leave Vancouver at 8 o'clock sharp.

Tickets can be had at E. A. Morris' Cigar Store, G. A. Lombard's Music Store and at C.P.N. Co.'s office.

Delsarte
College of Oratory
FRANCIS JOSEPH BROWN, President,
(President of the Elocutionists' Association of Canada.)
Largest and most advanced School of Oratory in Canada.
DEPARTMENTS—School of Voice Culture.
School of Physical Culture.
School of Dramatic Art.
School of Belles Lettres.
Fall Term September 12.
For Catalogue address Francis Joseph Brown, care of Y.M.C.A., Toronto, Ont.

Columbian Methodist College,
New Westminster, B. C.
Principal: REV. R. WHITTINGTON, M.A., B. Sc.
Lady Principal: LUCIE H. HURLBURT, M.E.L.
Courses of Study:—Preparatory, Collegiate (including Matriculation in Arts, Law, Medicine, etc.) Music, Art, Calisthenics, Commercial, Shorthand and Typewriting.
Rooms should be secured at once. For calendars and all other information, apply to the Principal. a25-tf-w2t

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

MARRIED COUPLE without children can have two rooms, rent free, in return for assistance in house work in small family. Address D. F., Times office. a30-2t

WANTED—A gardener. Apply 23 Cadboro Bay Road, 6:30 p.m. a29-tf

WANTED—A chamber maid; first-class wages paid. Address A. B., Times office. Aug. 28-tf.

WANTED—A good cow. Apply at Shawnigan Lake Hotel. Ag28-1w

FOR SALE—40 acres near Cobble Hill Station, small house, a few acres cleared. Price $400, payable $50 cash. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. a24

FOR SALE—Two storey new house, 5 rooms; near Saanich road, tramway line. Price reduced from $1,200 to $900, payable $100 cash, balance to suit purchaser. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. a25

WANTED—500 men to insure their houses in the Scottish Union & National Insurance Co., More & Co, agents. a25

WANTED—A woman servant, about middle aged, who can cook. Apply at 153 Blanchard street. a24-tf

WANTED—Lots to fill in, can do so at a reasonable rate. Address M, Times office. a19-2w

FURNISHED ROOMS to let. Apply 113 Chatham street. a3-tf

TO LET—Whole or part of furnished house to let near sea and car line. Apply L, Times office. a3-1m

FOR SALE—Two 25 horsepower steam engines. Address Taylor Mill Co, P. O. box, 628, City. a3-1m

TO LET—The dining room of a central hotel, having a good permanent and transient trade. An excellent opportunity for persons of experience having moderate means. Suitable for a married couple or a lady with grown up daughters. For particulars address H. B., Times office. a3-1m

FOR SALE—At a bargain; choice small farm, 50 acres on South Saanich Road; improved. Good hard finished dwelling house, barns and other outbuildings; good land; orchard of 100 trees; price $3,500, $1500 cash, balance on time for two years at 8 per cent. For particulars apply to Heisterman & Co., 75 Government St. a3-1m

FOR SALE—Steam yacht "Angerona" of 14 tons burthen; can be seen at Turpel's Ship yard. For particulars apply to Thornton Fell, Langley street. jy31-1m

FOR SALE—A good paying business. Apply—E., this office. jy9-tf

A Warm Day.

To-day was the warmest day Victoria has seen this summer. There seems to be a variance of opinion as to just how "blooming" hot it did get. Some say their thermometers which never fell showed 93 degrees in the shade while others hold that it was never over 87. It is something like asking ten men for the "correct" time. Anyhow it was pretty hot for Victoria and people did as little tramping around as possible. The usual questions were asked.

Dean & Cryderman removed to corner Yates and Broad streets.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year.....$10 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES
is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:
CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.
NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1 00.
SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion, the type used for general reading, and placed in reading columns, 25c a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out. Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

Changes of Advertisements.
It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.

The Daily Times.

THE PREMIER'S NEW EXPLANATION.

When addressing a public meeting at Revelstoke on his recent tour Premier Davie undertook to soften down the mainland feeling in opposition to the new government buildings. One passage in his speech was thus reported in the Kootenay Star:

"The cost was likely to be a good deal less than $600,000. In this the government was simply pledging the credit of the country to a venture similar to the building of the Nakusp railway. The finances of the province have been placed on a very advantageous footing. The government could borrow money whenever it needed it at 3 1-2 per cent. There was a careful calculation made that a yearly sum of $25,384 was sufficient to pay interest and provide a sinking fund for 50 years. The sum mentioned would be considered as part of the amount due for expenditure in Victoria district. If no other part of the country suffered what harm could be done by dealing with the matter in that way? The government would do what was for the best interests of the province at large, while not, perhaps, making every man rich."

What the premier meant to include in "Victoria district" when he spoke thus is not exactly clear, but it would naturally be inferred that he intended his remarks to apply to this city and the Victoria electoral district. It must be supposed, therefore, that the government intndes to decrease the ordinary public expenditure within those limits by $25,384, in order to provide for the buildings outlay without increasing the aggregate expenditure. Now this is decidedly different ground from that taken by the members of the government when the question was before the legislature. It was then represented that the proposed expenditure fas for the benefit of the whole province, and that the advantages arising from it would "percolate" to the uttermost parts. How do the people of this district like to be told now that the government is going to treat the expenditure as one for their exclusive benefit, and that the amount ordinarily devoted to public purposes here is to be decreased by so much as will meet the annual interest and sinking fund?

SIR JOHN THOMPSON'S VIEW.

Sir John Thompson is reported to have spoken as follows in an interview at Ottawa in relation to the Behring Sea award:

"The decision, as far as the question of right is concerned, is of a favorable nature, as tending to remove the cause of a long-standing difficulty betwwen the two countries. As far as the regulations are concerned, the necessity for some regulations had been practically conceded throughout the British testimony, and the report of experts appointed to visit the sealing grounds admitted the necessity of regulations. The natural dissatisfaction which sealers may feel results from the fact that any regulations restricting the taking of seals must mean a curtailment of the business. Speaking merely from the evidence, it would seem likely now that the regulations would result in a reduction of at least one-half the catch at sea. There is reason to doubt if the prohibition of firearms will have the effect that is claimed, as the number of Indian hunters who are expert with the spear is very large and firearms have only come into use within the last few years. Every phase of the regulations, I may say, was detailed at great length in the course of a number of private sitings of the arbitration, and the eventual decision rested with the neutrals. After hearing fully the views of the British and United States representatives the neutrals proposed a draft of regulations, and upon this draft the discussion was resumed and carried on, with the result that some important concessions in the condition of interests were secured. After that stage Lord Hannen thought he was justified in giving his adherence to the regulations as a whole, holding to the view that if he did not do so no regulations could be made, the neutrals being in the minority. In my opinion the regulations were in a number of respects unduly severe, and I believe better ones may yet be made, both as regards the interests of pelagic sealers and as regards the preservation of the seal race. Now that the main issue regarding a question of right is out of the way we may expect that the two countries will be able to come to a mutual arrangement on the subject of regulations which experience and investigation may prove to be requisite and just."

Sir John's statement in regard to Lord Hannen's position is the first explanation that has been offered in that direction, and his views on the subject of regulations are of much interest to the sealers. Sir John, however, makes the same mistake as Dr. Dawson and Prof. Macoun when he assumes that Indian hunters will be available for work in Behring Sea, and that therefore the sealers will not be much hampered by the prohibition of firearms. It is estimated by the sealers, who should know something of the question, that not more than 20 schooners could find Indian hunters if the whole force of Indian hunters on the coast were employed. But it will be hard for them to procure anything like that number for work in the sea during the month or six weeks left after the close season ends. The effect of the regulations will be practically to close Behring Sea to the sealers unless white hunters can be successfully trained to use the spear and harpoon. This, with the shortening of the season in the ocean, means a much greater restriction of our sealers' catch than Sir John Thompson and the other Ottawa authorities seem to suppose. While on the subject it may be worth while to reproduce the following dispatch: "Sir George Baden-Powell says with regard to the proposed regulations for the protection of seal life in Behring Sea, that they are altogether unworkable unless they had for their object the extinction of the seals. In that case Sir George says the regulations are admirably contrived."

THE KAMLOOPS MEETING.

A call has been issued by the "Constitutional League" for a convention, to be held at Kamloops on the 10th of October next. The object and plan of the convention are outlined in the Columbian:

The object of the Constitutional League is to have every constituency on the Mainland thoroughly represented, in order that the platform and resolutions adopted by the convention will be the indisputable voice of the people of the Mainland of British Columbia. As it is impossible for a committee at the coast to lay down exact rules for the election of such delegates, the following is proposed as a fair working arrangement:

That the City of Vancouver elect four delegates, the city of New Westminster three, the cities of Kamloops and Vernon each two, and that one delegate be elected by each of the unincorporated towns in the interior (such as Ashcroft, Revelstoke, Nelson, etc.,) each of the rural municipalities, and each of the provincial polling divisions which is not within the limits of any municipality.

All members of the legislature representing Mainland constituencies will be considered ex-officio honorary members of the convention, with free right of discussion but not with power to vote.

The object of the convention is to discuss the present position of political affairs in the province, to define the policy to be adopted and the best means of protecting in their integrity the political rights of the people of the Mainland against the reckless procedure of the present government.

The members of the Constitutional League believe that the holding of such a convention will have a very beneficial effect upon the legislation of next session of the provincial house, and it is evident to all who have given attention to the matter that the prosperity of the province in the immediate future depends largely upon the character of the legislation in that session.

The League hopes that this matter will commend itself to you and that you will take such steps as will be proper to secure the holding of a public meeting for the election of delegates.

It is also requested that the names and postoffice addresses of the delegates elected be at once forwarded to the president of the League, and that any communication you have to make on the subject may be addressed to the Constitutional League, Box 191, Vancouver.

Were it not for the inherent sectionalism of the movement the Times could endorse the objects of the League, as outlined above. "The political rights of the people" of the Island should be included in the discussion as well as the "political rights of the people of the Mainland." There should be no dividing line when "the rights," political or other, of the people of a province, or any section thereof, are withheld. The appeal would be irresistable if made to the people of British Columbia as a whole.

It seems that Ministers Bowell and Foster and Controllers Wood and Wallace are going to hold a series of "conferences" on tariff matters with "representative farmers of Canada," commencing at Cornwall on September 13. The government is evidently impressed with the extent of the demand for tariff reform. Who is to select the "representative farmers?" And will the ministerial junta insist in holding the conferences in private, as they did in the case of the manufacturers?

Maritime Province Liberals are losing no time in the work of aiding the people to appreciate the political situation. Hon. L. H. Davis, the Liberal leader from Prince Edward Island, Premier Fielding of Nova Scotia and Premier Blair of New Brunswick have been addressing large meetings at Moncton, St. John and other places in New Brunswick. They make up a very able team. There is a report going that Premier Fielding will give up his present post and betake himself to the wider field of Dominion politics.

GREAT ELECTRICAL DISPLAY.

The Most Striking Exhibits to be Seen in the Electrical Palace.

CROWNING TRIUMPH OF THE CENTURY

A Visit to the Palace a Liberal Education in Itself—The Electrical Boats—Entrancing Beauty of Wooded Island—The Horticultural Building.

(From our Own Correspondent.)

Chicago, Aug. 25.—The Electric Palace faces the Court of Honor. The general plan is longitudinal nave crossed by a transept. Pediments, friezes, panels and spandrils with figures in relief ornament the exterior. The nave and transept have a pitched roof with a range of skylights containing 40,000 panes of glass. The second story is a series of galleries connected across the nave by two bridges, with access by four grand stairways. An open portico extends along the whole of the south facade. A great statue of Benjamin Franklin stands at the main entrance, and the names appear over the various doors: Galvani, Ampiere, Faraday, Ohm, Morse, Volta, Wheatstone, Cooke, Von Guericke—it having been concluded best not to honor living electricians. Of all the exposition departments, the electrical is the most novel and most popular. Young men study this building more than any other. Every day and every hour of the day you can see them investigating here and taking notes. They are from every clime under the sun and if the cloak of prophecy were to fall upon me I should say that many an eager Edison is ripening there. Electricity is "the" power of our day and age, and as yet we are only playing wih it. Of course the great Edison, Brush and Thomson-Houston companies come to the front in this building. A great group of machinery illustrates electro-metallurgy and electro-chemistry. Here are shown various methods of electrotyping, electro-plating, gilding and nickelling, and the separation by electricity of metals from native ores or alloys. The modern application of electricity to surgery becomes wider every day. Some specially interesting and most intricate devices show how an electric light may be flashed down one's throat to bring to sight hidden troubles. It is a queer looking little contrivance. A unique exhibit is by Edison. He calls it the Kinetograph. It transmits scenes to the eye as well as sounds to the ear. The Bell Telephone Company has a most elaborate exhibit; they show models of all patents they control, over 500 in all. The historic exhibit includes the original Morse telegraph instruments, and near here are modern inventions that I am not learned enough to appreciate—chronographs, annunciators, thermostats, telautographs—their name is legion. There is a marvellous column in this building which is eagerly sought out nightly, for an electric display is enacted here which baffles description. I watched it for half an hour the other night just so I might be able to describe it, and then turned away disappointed. I know I couldn't do it. I might tell you that this great column stretches up toward the high arched roof—that it is closely studded with electric balls of varied colors—that lights within danced up and down and from corner to corner in strange fantastic dances till the whole seemed endowed with life, each gleaming ball of fire a living creature, and all moving in one grand waltz with perfect rhythm, and then you would just have a faint idea of what I wished to convey. The trouble is there is nothing else to likes it to and my powers of description are weak. At night the grounds themselves are one great electric display. The beautiful Administration Building is studded with lamps from foundation to dome. All about the Grand Basin and Canal are rows of lamps like living fire-flies set just above the water's edge. Each light is confronted in the water by a twinkling counterpart and so the effect is doubled. On Wooded Island, at the borders of the flower beds, incandescent lights throw out in grand relief every bud and blossom. Electricity reigns, too, on the water itself. Fifty electric launches carry visitors through the lagoons and canals. These five specimens of modern transportation were built chiefly in Detroit. The boats are 36 feet long, oak frames and finished in mahogany, while the planking is cedar and all trimmings are of polished brass. The motor power is contained in a storage battery and the coxswain is also engineer. It takes 200 men to manage these launches and each boat carries 30 passengers.

I have mentioned the Wooded Island. This, or Rose Island, as it is sometimes called, is one of the prettiest spots in the exposition, being really part of the horticultural display. The whole island is laid out in graceful walks which wind in a serpentine course around flower-beds and groups of shrubs, leading to many restful nooks and corners, "far from the madding crowd." From here to the horticultural palace is a natural transition, for we see it towering up just across the water. The general plan of the Building is a crystal-roofed central pavilion including two great interior courts with cafe-galleries surrounded by an arcade. In connection with the main building, and separated from it by a beautiful lawn, on which exhibitors have erected a number of fine conservatories, are the greenhouses, eight in number.

The Horticultural building proper cost $300,000 and covers a ground space of six acres. There are hundreds of odd and beautiful things to be seen here. Chief among the more striking exhibits are a century plant, a beautiful model of the Washington capitol executed in flowers from Good Hope, a collection of orchids with wonderful shapes and more wonderful names—Orcidum Cattelya Mossiat, Cypropedium Odontoglossum, et al. Hydrangias, whose colors are made to change by searing their roots with hot irons. Egyptian paper plants, from which the papyrus of antiquity was made. A most gorgeous cacti bed from Central America; a cocoa-nut tree bearing fruit; a pineapple plant and a huge tower of oranges and lemons from Los Angeles, which points upwards 30 feet and makes one's mouth water on a hot day. Never before in the world's history has such a varied and wonderful display of foliage, native, foreign, semi-tropical and tropical, been under one roof. The immense annex is entirely filled with foliage plants, the rarest and most beautiful specimens the world produces. Every specimen has its name, plainly written, and attached to it; so it is a liberal education to be privileged to pass through and use one's own observation. Beneath the dome is a crystal cavern, a model of Dakota's mammoth cave. Within, it is studded with stalactites and stalagmites gathered from the original cave, and which you may purchase for the modest sum of $5 each. Needless to say the symmetry of the cave is not yet materially spoiled by those detached for sale. Many thousand chrysanthemum slips have been planted in the conservatories, and the floral exhibit of the year will conclude with a display of these magnificent flowers. A. D. CAMERON.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

August Weiss, a German laborer, was killed by an electric car in Ottawa.

The strike of rollers at Pillow, Hersey & Co.'s mill, Montreal, is now over. The men have returned to work.

The Dominion Cotton Mills are building a fine new office and several additions to their large mills at Magog.

James P. Wells, ex-member of parliament for North York, and one of the best known residents in this part of Ontario, is dead of paralysis, aged 77.

Another gusher, with a capacity of 8,000,000 feet of natural gas per day, has been struck at Kingsville. The gas will be piped to Windsor and Walkerville.

Mrs. John Wilson, living on the fourth line of Warwick township, was thrown from a carriage by a runaway, sustaining injuries from which she died within an hour.

Two leading French engineers in the employ of the French government, who have just visited the Canadian Soo canal, say the work exceeds anything of the kind they ever saw in Europe.

The Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co.'s works at Sorel were destroyed by fire, together with a lot of valuable machinery and tools. The loss is about $25,000, fully covered by insurance.

Lieut.-Gov. Chapleau arrived home on Wednesday looking and feeling much better after his trip. Chapleau utterly denies the alleged disloyalty of Hector Fabre's utterances as Canadian agent in Paris.

The greatest wind and rain storm ever experienced in the vicinity for many years burst over Kingston on Friday, prostrating telegraph and telephone wires in all directions, uprooting shade trees and damaging the fruit crop. Several streets were badly torn up, owing to the sewers becoming choked up by raging floods. The same storm uprooted trees, flattened standing crops and almost ruined the apple, peach and pear crops on the Niagara peninsula.

Since the St. Clair tunnel was opened for traffic the use of coal burning engines for the hauling of trains through the tunnel has been found open to very serious objection on account of the discharge of coal smoke and steam which accompanied their use, and which formed the chief, and, indeed, the only practical difficulty attending the use of the tunnel. The use of other fuel than coal might have solved the difficulty so far as the question of smoke or gas was concerned, but even if the question of smoke were settled, the problem of escaping steam remained to be considered, and after a careful consideration of the whole question the St. Clair Tunnel Co. has decided to solve the difficulty by giving up the use of steam power and substituting some form of electric transit. The matter has been placed in the hands of the Edison Electric Supply Co., which will prepare and present the details of the plan which Mr. Edison may consider best adapted to the requirements of the situation. If the plan proposed meets with the company's approval, the Edison company will at once proceed with the construction of the motors, and the new system will be introduced at the earliest possible moment.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

Drilling the Jack Tars.

The bluejackets on H. M. S. Royal Arthur were given their usual weekly drill on the canteen grounds at Esquimalt this morning. The different movements of the drill were executed to the music of the ship's band. There were about fifty people from Victoria out to witness the drill, which lasted for over an hour. The men worked splendidly and showed clearly the effect of the excellent training which they receive.

She is a Steamer.

Over at Turpell's ways a force of men are engaged putting machinery into the barge owned by Joe Quadra. The boiler is from the navy yard, while the machinery was furnished by Findlay, Durham & Brodie. The shaft is already in place and the other work is going ahead rapidly. The hull is a good strong one, and the steamer will be a very good one. This is the first instance known here where a scow has been made into a steamer. The vessel will be used for trading in northern waters.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Best Blood Purifier, LANGLEY'S Sarsaparilla

SEVERAL DRY-DOCK SCHEMES

A Marine Railway to be Constructed at Esquimalt Harbor.

PROMOTERS ARE RETICENT ABOUT IT

Nanaimo Citizens Endeavor to Interest Capital in a Scheme to Construct a Dry-Dock at that City—The Proposition Said to be a Good One.

A marine railway is to be constructed at Esquimalt, but the particulars of the scheme are as yet a secret. The promoters are local capitalists, and it is understood that the plans have been completed and that the work of construction will commence very shortly. A gentleman who has had a great deal of experience in ship repairing is managing it. He is very reticent and will not give the least inkling as to where it will be built.

A large one it will certainly be, as the object is to place on it such vessels as the Empresses, which cannot enter the Esquimalt dock. The necessity of a marine railway or second dock has often been felt when the present one was occupied by one ship for several months. The railway, it is supposed, would be built on the same plan as ways, but on a larger scale. It would be run out into the harbor and the ship placed on it and brought high and dry on shore.

Several prominent citizens of Nanaimo are also endeavoring to induce capitalists to build a dry dock near that city. There is a bay about two miles from Nanaimo which could be converted into a dry dock at comparatively small cost. All that would be necessary to do, the promoters say, would be a little blasting and to construct gates. Several ships, they claim, could be taken in at one time, and as nearly half of the six hundred ships that visit Nanaimo annually would enter the dock, it should be a paying institution. The plans for the work have been prepared and the mine owners have promised to take stock in the company, but the present depression in the coal trade has prevented active operations from being commenced.

A contractor who has built a number of dry docks and been interested in other big contracts told a Times reporter this morning that a good dock could be built at Nanaimo, according to the plan proposed, for about $50,000. This would include the pumps and other necessary machinery.

"Victoria has just as good an opportunity to build a cheap but good dry dock," he said, if some one would take the matter up. All that it is necessary to do is to put a dredger to work inside James Bay, build a wall around it and place gates across where the bridge now stands. Of course a lot of dredging would be necessary, but when it was completed the city would have a good dock."

Blank Books.

A large assortment extra bound at moderate prices. J. Johnston & Co.

New Arrival.

The most important of the late arrivals is that of corge R. Jackson & Co.'s new stock for autumn and winter. Largest in ritish Columbia.

The Historic Wreck.

Robert Moran, of the Moran Iron Works of Seattle, is in town. Mr. Moran is accompanied by two other gentlemen. They came on the tug Rainier and it is understood that their mission is to examine the San Pedro for the Southern Pacific company. They went out to the historic wreck this afternoon.

Fires During August.

August 4—3 a. m., box 62, fire at stable on south side Rae street, between Douglas and Blanchard streets; owner, C. Nelson; cause, supposed to be ashes; loss $350; no insurance.

August 4—Box 61, at 1.45 p. m., fire on roof of two-story building, Waddington alley; cause, sparks; no loss.

August 12—11.30 a. m., box 35, fire at two-story brick building, No. 75 1-2 Wharf street; occupant, Captain A. H. Burns; cause unknown; loss $15.

August 16—11.40 a. m., box 31, fire at two-story frame residence, No. 134 Humboldt street; occupant, C. A. Vernon; cause, sparks falling on roof; loss $25.

August 17—Box 31, no fire.

August 19—9.30 p. m., box 31, chimney fire at two-story brick building No. 45 Yates street; no loss.

August 21—8.30 p.m., box 31, fire at Vancouver bakery, Fort street; cause, gaslight setting fire to window blind; no loss.

August 23—7.30 p. m., box 61, rubbish fire, Chinese garden, Cedar Hill road; no loss.

August 26—Still alarm; brush fire near Protestant Orphanage, Cook street; no loss.

August 25—5 p. m., still alarm; grass fire, Dallas road; no loss.

August 27—11.15 a.m., grass fire, Beacon Hill; no loss.

August 27—11.45 a.m., box 61, grass fire Fernwood road; no loss.

August 27—2 p. m., still alarm, grass fire, Cook street; no loss.

August 27—5.10 p. m., box 61, fire on roof of J. A. Graham's residence, Hillside avenue; cause, sparks; loss $10.

August 31—1.30 p. m., grass fire on Pandora street; no loss.

Total fires and alarms, 15; estimated loss during month, $400.

Cheapest House in Canada

For dry goods, boots and shoes and clothing. Russell, McDonald & Co.

Confirmation Service.

A class of seven young ladies was confirmed by the lord bishop of Columbia at St. Barnabas church last evening. Rev. W. G. Taylor and a full surpliced choir assisted in the ceremony. There was a large attendance of parents and friends of the girls of the class and members of the congregation.

Their Great Annual Drawing.

As many anxious enquiries have been made lately of Russell, McDonald & Co., the Douglas street merchants, regarding their great annual drawing, they have requested us to state that the tenth annual drawing will take place next December, on the 28th. The prizes will be $2500, divided into 75 prizes. Tickets can now be obtained at their Victoria stores, 134 Douglas street.

The Municipal Campaign.

The municipal campaign in the North ward will begin this evening. Caleb Bishop will address the electors of Victoria West at the school house there, explaining his views on the knotty questions, which the council is called upon to decide. On Friday evening W. A. Robertson will speak at the Work estate. It is expected both meetings will be well attended.

Shipped to London.

Captain J. C. Nixon shipped 2008 sealskins to London, England, yesterday, says Wednesday's Post-Intelligencer. They go by the Pacific Navigation Company's steamer to Whatcom, and thence over the Canadian Pacific railroad to the Atlantic coast. The skins are a part of the catch of the schooner Henry Dennis in Alaskan waters, and have been stored in this city since July.

Cuthbert-Burgess.

Herbert Cuthbert and Miss Nettie Rose Burgess were married last evening at the home of the bride's parents on Pandora street. The officiating clergyman was Rev. J. E. Gardner, brother-in-law of the bride, assisted by Rev. Solomon Cleaver. Miss Wickett and George Morphy were bridesmaid and best man respectively. After the ceremony the guests, some 30 in number, sat down to an excellent repast. Mr. and Mrs. Cuthbert will make their home on Stanley avenue.

K. of P. Concert and Hop.

The members of Victoria division uniform rank celebrated the anniversary of their organization last night with an entertainment and hop at K. of P. hall, Broad street. During the evening a very nice lunch was served. The programme opened with a selection by Pferdner's orchestra, after which followed a song by Mr. Lombard, recitation by Miss Learned of Port Townsend, duett on banjo and guitar by Messrs. McDowell and Agnew, song by Mr. Leroy, recitation by Mr. McLaughlin and song by Capt. J. H. Dodds. Dancing was then indulged in until a late hour.

Woman Smuggler.

For several months past a stylishly dressed woman, who gave the name of Mrs. Hastings, has been travelling between Victoria and the Sound. On Tuesday evening she came over as usual. United States Customs Inspector Learned suspected the woman of smuggling, so he followed her up the street to Chinatown. In the evening Mrs. Hastings again boarded the steamer and started for the Sound. On the way to Port Townsend Learned charged the woman with smuggling, which she admitted. The opium was carried in bags, which hung from the shoulders underneath the dress. She had 18 five-tael cans. The woman is 25. She is supposed to have been smuggling for over a year.

An Uncertain Market.

There is considerable speculation among sealing men as to what prices their skins will bring at the sales in London. The fact is the market has been rather hard to gauge. The buyers who represent the big fur houses are not making any offers that the sealers regard as even worthy of consideration, and they do not seem to have any particular desire to buy. The uncertain future of the industry is believed to be responsible for the uneasy feeling which prevails in the market. No one knows what the pelagic hunters can do in the two short seasons on either side of the closed season, no one knows to what the extent the west coast Indians can be induced to take up the industry and no one knows how many seals will be killed on the rookeries in future.

McKenzie Censured.

A jury consisting of William Marvin, Louis Marks, T. N. Hibben, John Fullerton, H. O. Litchfield and John Leslie was empanelled last evening by Coroner Hasell for the inquest in the case of G. Jowl, the Parson's bridge blacksmith. The witnesses heard were Drs. John C. Davie and O. M. Jones, and Messrs. Henry and Richard Price. The facts elicited were the same as given in the Times last evening. Dr. Davie declined to assign a cause of death, owing to limited opportunities for forming an opinion. Dr. Jones believed death was due to exhaustion resulting from a severe attack of dysentery. The jury returned a verdict of death from natural causes and added a rider severely censuring McKenzie, the messenger who was sent after the medicine for Jowl and got drunk on the way.

THE INDEMNITY.

What Compensation the Sealers May Expect for Seizures and Restrictions.

The information given below is taken from a dispatch recently sent from Washington, D. C., and covers a couple of points upon which the sealers have been in doubt:

"The regulations of the arbitrators appended to the decision are adopted under article 7, of the treaty of arbitration. These regulations were based on an agreement submitted by a joint commission appointed by Great Britain and the United States. In accordance with article 5, of the convention for the renewal of the modus vivendi, the decision of the arbitrators will compel the United States to make compensation to Great Britain (for the use of her subjects) for abstaining from the capture of seals in Behring Sea during the pendency of the arbitration. This article reads as follows:—'If the result of the arbitration be to affirm the right of British sealers to take seals in Behring Sea within the bounds claimed by the United States under its purchase from Russia then compensation shall be made by the United States to Great Britain (for the use of her subjects) for abstaining from the exercise of that right during the pendency of the arbitration up on the basis of such a regulated and limited catch or catches as in the opinion of the arbitrators might have been taken without an undue diminution of the seal herds."

Article 8, of the treaty proper, states that the high contracting parties agreed that either may submit to the arbitrators any question of fact involved in said claims and ask for any finding thereon, the question of the liability of either government upon the facts found to be the subject of further negotiations.'

Questions of fact, permitted by article 8 were submitted to the tribunal and the arbitrators have handed down a special finding on them with reference to the seizure of British vessels in Behring Sea in 1887 and 1889. Further information is awaited as to the nature of this finding, which will afford a clue to the measure of damages likely to be assessed against the United States."

At Russell & McDonald's

The finest and the cheapest serges in the province in single and double widths, from 25 cents to $1.25 per yard.

National Business College.

47 Government street, Victoria, B. C., Best methods taught in bookkeeping, penmanship, arithmetic, shorthand, typewriting, correspondence, etc. Day and night school. Circulars free.

Madame Laird.

Having resigned her position at the Conservatory of Music, has opened a studio for instruction in vocal music at her residence, 161 Vancouver, street, corner of Pandora.

Fire Department Exhibition.

An exhibition of quick work will be given in the market hall on Saturday, September 9th, by the fire department. Athletic performances and feats of strength, also a parachute descension, are included in the programme. Price of admission, 25 cents.

A Cute Thief.

A number of furs valued at $60, which were being brought from the north on the last trip of the Princess Louise, were stolen, evidently by one of the Chinese passengers. The furs were removed from a sack, which was refilled with a lot of old shoes and Chinese clothing.

Baffled Burglars.

Two attempts at burglary have been made on Rae street during the present week. On Sunday evening a man was about to enter the home of Mrs. Teague when noticed, and on Monday night Mr. Sparrow found a man in his front room. The intruder was thrown into the street.

Two Fast Young Men.

Messrs. Cryderman and Dean distinguished themselves by removing their large stock and fixtures to the corner store, adjoining their old place on Yates street, in one day. Things in the fine new place are not yet in apple-pie order, but customers are receiving uninterrupted service. Give them a call.

Don't Miss It.

The steamer Yosemite will be run to Vancouver on Saturday instead of the Islander. The former is one of the best excursion boats in the northwest, there being lots of deck room for the pleasure seekers to enjoy themselves on. The fare has been placed at $1.50, including admission to the lacrosse match.

California Steamers.

The steamer Umatilla did not arrive from San Francisco until 10 o'clock this morning, having been delayed by head winds. She brought 93 passengers and 225 tons of freight. A majority of the passengers are on their way east over the C. P. R. The Walla Walla goes south to-morrow. Every berth will be occupied.

Whiskey Day.

There was a short session of the police court this morning. Ah Kee, charged with supplying Monte, klootchman, with whiskey, was discharged. The celestial proved to the satisfaction of the court that the klootchman entered the celestial's cabin and stole the whiskey. Mary, Indian, drunk, was fined $5 and Edward Scott offended likewise and was similarly punished.

Hawkey-Scott.

At the residence of the bride's brother, R. Scott, Cedar Hill, last evening, R. J. Hawkey, principal of the Spring Ridge public school, was united in marriage to Miss Isabella Scott, Rev. D. McRae performing the ceremony. R. Landells and Miss Jean Ann Scott acted as groomsman and bridesmaid respectively. The ceremony was witnessed by a large number of friends and neighbors, whose good wishes found tangible expression in a large number of handsome and valuable presents.

Dean & Cryderman, druggists, have removed one door above old Yates street stand.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. No Ammonia; No Alum. Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

SPENCER'S ARCADE.

New Jackets and Capes

12 Cases Marked off To-Day.

The Latest Novelties from Paris and Berlin personally selected by D. and C. Spencer.

The Best Value we have ever shown and must be seen to be appreciated.

D. SPENCER, Government St.

NORTH SAANICH HOTEL.

FORFAR & WRIGHT, Proprietors.

This new hotel, situated on Shoal Bay, (near Brackman & Kerr's Mills) is now open for the reception of guests. Excellent boating and fishing, and a pleasant place to spend the holidays.

Comfortable rooms at moderate prices.

jy11-2m-d&w

Photographs!

Finest

CABINET PHOTOS $3.00 PER DOZEN,

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

K. FORBES MACKIE,

Photographer, 89½ Government Street

Ben W. Barnty,

The celebrated Spiritualist medium, is in the city, and will remain for one week. He can be found at the Dominion Hotel. See large posters for particulars.

Portrait of Mackenzie.

A portrait of Alex. Mackenzie from the brush of Prof. Rene Quantin is displayed in the window of C. A. Lombard & Co. It is very nicely executed, and since it has been placed on exhibition has attracted considerable attention. The picture is encased in a magnificent gilt frame.

Bishop of A. M. E. Church.

Bishop Lee of the African M. E. Church, one of the leading divines of that church in the United States, will be in Victoria late this week and will speak to the colored people of the city at the Lyceum on Broad street on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. His visit here is looked forward to with considerable interest by colored citizens and the bishop will be given a hearty and cordial reception to the city.

Crime of the Month.

During August there were drunks, 30; larceny, 2; possession of an intoxicant, 2; supplying liquor to Indians, 2; desertions from the navy, 4; assault, 3; obtaining money under false pretences, 2; forgery, 2; infraction of revenue by-law, 46; indecent exposure, 1; infraction of street by-law, 9; violation of license act, 1; frequenting houses of ill-fame, 1; infraction of park by-law, 4; hack by-law, 1; fire by-law, 2; offending public morals, 2. These cases were in the city police court.

Speedy Trials.

Edward Mutch charged with the larceny of $90 from a man named Hannigar under circumstances already detailed in the Times, appeared for trial to-day before Mr. Justice Walkem and, when arraigned, pleaded "not guilty." As all the witnesses for the crown were not present an adjournment was taken until to-morrow week, the prisoner being admitted to bail on his own recognizance and one surety for $250. His alleged accomplice did not appear for election as it was expected he would do, and consequently they will have to be tried separately.

Wright, the young man charged with uttering a forged cheque bearing the signature of R. T. Patton, elected a speedy trial and will have a hearing on Saturday at 10 a.m.

Social at Centennial Church.

There was a social at the Centennial church school rooms last evening, given by the Epworth league, to which invitations were issued to the members of the Trustee and Quarterly official boards and their wives. The programme opened up with an address of welcome by Charles Carboyn, who acquitted himself well. A. J. McLennan replied for the Trustee board and Walter Harris for the Quarterly official board. Those who took part in the entertainment which followed were Miss Grant, the Misses Trantas, Miss Anderson, Miss Harris, Mr. Hall and Mr. John. Master Will Shakespeare was chairman during the evening and sled the post like a veteran. The company enjoyed refreshments before the affair came to a close.

Rifle cartridges, loaded shot shells at Shore's hardware store, 57 Johnson street.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

The LIGHTING DEPARTMENT of the N. E. Tramway Co. is prepared to furnish ELECTRIC LIGHTS for

Shops, Houses, Factories & Wharves

at reasonable rates.

BUILDINGS WIRED

in accordance with Underwriters' requirements.

Apply at the office, Rock Bay Bridge, or address

G. FRANCIS, Supt.

Aug29-5t (Colonist copy.)

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

NOTICE

A meeting of the ratepayers of the North Ward will be held on Friday evening at 8 o'clock, in the Hillside Ave. School-house, when civic affairs will be discussed.

W. A. ROBERTSON.

Victoria Building Society.

The 34th drawing for an appropriation in connection with the above society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society Hall, Broad street (opposite View), on Thursday, the 31st August, 1893, at 8 p.m.

See that your shares are in good standing.

By order,

A. ST. G. FLINT, Secretary.

N.B.—Shares can be had on application to the secretary. au26

The Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Company

NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 4th day of October next, at 11 a.m.

CHAS. E. POOLEY, Secretary.

Dated at Victoria, 29th August, 1893. a29-td

The Union Colliery Company of British Columbia, Limited Liability.

NOTICE

The annual general meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 4th day of October next, at 11 a.m.

CHAS. E. POOLEY, Secretary.

Dated at Victoria, 29th August, 1893. a29-td

C.P.N.CO.LD.

Steamer

Princess Louise

ROBERTS, MASTER,

Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf

—FOR—

Naas and Way Ports

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 1st,

At 6 o'clock p. m.

For freight or passage apply at office of company, Wharf street.

The company reserve the right to change this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

au12-td

In the Matter of the Estate of Margaret Boal, late of Cowichan, Deceased.

All persons having claims against the above estate are requested to send particulars thereof to the undersigned before the 1st day of September next and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to pay such indebtedness to the undersigned forthwith.

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN, 20 Bastion St., Victoria, Solicitors for the Executor.

a4-td

USE San Francisco SUGAR

Your Jams will not ferment.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

au23-1m

Notice of Removal.

ROBERT WARD & COMPANY,

LIMITED LIABILITY,

Have removed from Wharf Street to their new Offices, Temple Building, corner Fort and Langley Streets, Victoria, B.C.

Victoria, B.C., August 24th, 1893.—1m

The British Columbia Corporation,

LIMITED.

NOTICE.

The Offices of this Corporation have been removed from 76 Wharf Street to Temple Building, corner Fort and Langley Streets, Victoria, B. C.

ROBERT WARD & CO., Ltd. L'bity, Managers and Agents.

Victoria, B.C., August 24th, 1893.—1m

"Land Registry Act."

Lot No. 1247 and Subdivision No. 15 of Lot No. 1257, Victoria City.

A certificate of indefeasible title to the above property will be issued to Joseph Dwyer on the 30th day of October, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said property, or some part thereof.

C. J. LIGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, July 29, 1893. jy31-3m

Indian Curiosities or Curios

Of any and every kind, whether Victorian or from any other country. Mineral specimens, old arms, or armor, silver, or gold medals, works of art, freaks of nature, shells, old California gold coin, etc., wanted by Nathan Joseph, 641 Clay street, San Francisco, California, who will visit Victoria September 7 next and purchase for cash any of the above mentioned goods. Parties having such articles for sale will do well to correspond immediately with N. Joseph, so that he can upon arrival in Victoria call and see the goods without loss of time. If too late so correspond with San Francisco, address care Bank British North America, Victoria. a23-td-Aw

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.

Large shipment of New Goods just received.

BASKETS, HAMPERS, FLOWER POTS, PAPER NAPKINS, &c.

Prices lower than ever.

T. S. FUTCHER,

Importer and Retailer.

41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

SPECTACLE WEARERS

Who appreciate the value of their Eyesight, and the comforts derived from properly fitting glasses, get them from the

ONLY OPTICIANS

In British Columbia,

F. W. Nolte & Co.

37 Fort Street.

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders will be received up to noon, Saturday, 9th inst., for sewers and connections, Plumbers' work, etc., on Seventy-two Houses. Each tender must be accompanied by a certified cheque for one-half the amount of contract, or they will not be entertained. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JOHN TEAGUE, Architect.

Aug30-td (Colonist copy.)

CHINA TRAINING FOR WAR.

Her Extraordinary Progress During the Past Few Years.

M. Henri Bryos, the correspondent of the Figaro of Paris, at present travelling in China, gives the following account of the naval and military preparations which are going on in the Celestial empire:

"A fact of the highest importance, which for all that has escaped the notice of diplomatists, consuls and my English confreres of the east, has just come to light in China. I mean the sudden transformation of the old and childish method of warfare so long in use in that country. The Chinese art of war has become thoroughly modernized, and tends to rival that of the western nations. The illustrious man who has brought about this radical transformation is the viceroy Li Hong-Tschang. It is at Tientsin that he is operating. Tientsin is the industrial centre of war material, where the agents of Canet, Krupp and the Armstrongs enter into competition for the acceptance of their deadly wares. In the tournaments of these rivals, the Germans have almost always carried off the prizes. At Port Arthur, in the province of Petchili, there are splendid cruisers, battleships, and gunboats built with all the recent improvements of naval science. It is noteworthy that a regular fleet has been created here in less than six years.

"Since the last Franco-Chinese war the Celestials have opened their eyes. That great, sleepy people has become aroused. Li Hong-Tchang has rudely shaen off their night covering. He has undertaken the task of waking them up thoroughly. He can claim the honor of having created genuine soldiers, organized in European style, and armed with improved modern rifles.

"On visiting the imperial military school at Tientsin I had a chance to see the soldiers manoeuvering. Their exercises had the trade mark of their training. Their movements, regular, stiff and sturdy, and their heavy and noisy march, with automatic precision, clearly indicated that German instructors had been there. Li Hong-Tchang has reformed the army of China.

"A German artillery officer, Major von Richter, has been commissioned by the viceroy to organize the new army of the north, that is to say, the province of Petchili. Another officer from Berlin is installed at the arsenal at Tikou, not far from the forts that command the entrance of the Pei Ho. Under his direction Chinese workmen turn out enormous quantities of shot, shell and shrapnel. The Krupp establishment supplies the forts and ramparts with guns of the latest pattern.

"Such is the progress of China. The destructive industry is booming in that country. China is arming, and arming formidably, and her present aim is to find within herself the military resources and the war material that she was formerly obliged to procure elsewhere. She is erecting upon different points of her immense territory numerous and important arsenals, workshops and foundries, which change completely the national character of the country by modifying it in the European sense. The city of Han-Yang, an insignificant little place a short time ago, has now become, in less than a year, a military post of the first order, which is destined in the future to outstrip all the others. It is the centre of great works and gigantic foundries, workshops, brickyards and rifle factories.

"From Han-Yang, which is the central and strategic point of the empire, a railway is about to be built which will join Pekin to the north and Canton.

"All the material for the manufacture of small arms is at Han-Yang. It forms the model which the Chinese will rapidly learn to copy from. They will very soon be in a position to dispense entirely with the services of their European teachers.

"The arsenal of Nankin, which I was permitted to inspect, is a vast construction, entirely modern. It is supplied with all the modern material for the manufacture of engines of war; and from this place guns and rifles are abundantly supplied to the army. The rifles that are made at Nankin are something new. They are like our duck guns, very heavy, and are handled by two men. But their range is extremely long. I have procured some of the cartridges of these guns. They are furnished with metallic cases.

"This Nankin arsenal provides for everything. There are molds for shells of different sizes and forms, and one large section of the building is devoted entirely to the construction of the artillery of the fleet. I found there guns of the Hotchkiss, Maxim and Nordenfeldt patterns.

"But is not necessary to enter into further details and to multiply examples. What I have seen in the centre of China exists also in the north and in the south. Throughout the empire the manufacture of arms goes on with a feverish activity. China is working for war, and the time will soon come when she will be supplied with armaments equal in quantity and in number to those of the greatest European nations."

Bad Place to Bathe.

According to a telegram from Dahomey, two soldiers of the French expeditianary force have met their deaths in a tragic manner. One of them went to bathe in the marshes at Kotonou, was attacked by crocodiles and eaten up by the ferocious animals. Another unfortunate soldier, while trying to cool himself in the sea, had a leg and arm bitten off by the sharks which infest the coast, and died on reaching the shore. Orders have now been issued prohibiting the men from bathing in any of these perilous places, which even the natives avoid except when they are on the warpath and have to get rid of their captives, who are generally offered up as sacrifices to the alligators or sharks.

A Plate Glass Trust.

A plate glass trust of all the dealers in Canada, with the single exception of one firm, is, it is reported, an accomplished fact. The trustees comprise dealers in Montreal, Toronto, Hamilton and Ottawa, the parties to the agreement being A. Ramsay & Son and Mongenais, Boivin & Co., Montreal; Cobban Manufacturing Company, Toronto Plate Glass Company and James McCausland & Son, Toronto; Hobbs Hardware Company, London, and William Howe, Ottawa. The capital represented is said to be large, and instead of competing against each other all these parties will pool their issues in the article on the Canadian market. It is argued that by this concentration of interest a lot of expense will be saved, as instead of two or three salesrooms in each city there will be only one, which will have charge of all the sales of plate glass for the district of which it is the centre. The trade here are not prepared to say whether the new scheme will be a go, for the reason that the Messrs. Pilkington, who are perhaps the largest manufacturers of plate glass in the world, will not join. This, they think, will operate against the effective working of it, and, accordingly, they are awaiting future developments in the plate glass market with considerable interest. The title of the new organization is the Consolidated Plate Glass Company.—Montreal Gazette.

Sewerage Irrigation.

Some interesting particulars are given by the London Engineering with regard to the progress of the work of the drainage works at sewage farms in Ahmedabad, India. It is officially reported that up to the present time 966 house connections have been completed, the sullage water of which is being daily carried by drain to the pumping station, whence it is pumped to the sewage farm, situated at a distance of more than two miles. The streets which have been drained are said to be greatly improved from a sanitary point of view, and there are no complaints from householders whose houses have been connected with the sewers.

Flushing tanks are provided at the head of the sewers, which are flushed every day, and although some of the sewers had been used for over four months there is no silt in them. The gradients of the drainage system are said to be so good that the proper arrangements of flushing the drains, no nuisance need be feared. By making the house connections already completed it has been possible to discontinue the use of 452 cesspits, which polluted the subsoil, water and air, and which are so strongly denounced by all sanitary authorities. The total area included in the scheme is about 91 acres, and 32 acres of this area, containing 1500 houses, having been finished, the municipality have decided on sanitary and economic grounds to finish the complete scheme, by which the boon of sanitation will be extended to about 5000 houses. The sewage farm is also said to be a success; the land is sandy loam, and readily absorbs large quantities of sullage water.

It is confidently expected that, taking into consideration the manure value of the water as well as the material ingredients of the sewage, the drainage scheme properly managed will not only be a sanitary reform, but will repay well for the crops it will help to produce.

Pennsylvania Mortgages.

Pennsylvania is a great state. She is great agriculturally, great in manufacturing and in commerce. Her coal mines alone furnish employment to many thousands of people, and her iron mines are famous all over the world. Her farms are highly improved, equal to any in America. The population is mainly Quakers and Dutch, the most industrious and frugal people anywhere. The state has many large cities and markets in her borders, and near by are the great cities of Washington, Baltimore, Wilmington, Cincinnati, New York, and many smaller cities. She also is great in mortgages.

In 1880 Pennsylvania people made mortgages on real estate to the amount of $92,046,674. In 1886, $186,642,124 worth of mortgages were recorded—nearly double the amount. In 1888, $194,839,253 worth of mortgages were recorded. From 1880 to 1890 a total of 1,038,008 mortgages were executed on real estate, making $1,333,037,437, more than one and a third billion of dollars, or nearly one-half as much as the late war cost. On the first of January, 1890, the existing debt amounted to $1,613,105,802. The per capita indebtedness of the state is $117, or about $600 to each family, being more than any southern state reported, and more than any northern state except Kansas, Nebraska and Massachusetts. In proportion to taxable value of the property, Pennsylvania is nearly twice as much in debt as Alabama, and more than twice as much as Tennessee.

Raising Crickets for Bait.

"Yes, the cold weather is mighty hard on my cricket herd," said Afton K. Hooten, of Greenfield, Tenn. "My cricket herd? Why, haven't you read about it? You see, I live in the middle of Tennessee, surrounded by the prettiest lakes that the eye ever gazed upon. The wa-fish, and in the spring, summer and fall fish, and in the spring, sumer and fall the sportsmen flock there from all sections of the country. One of the most curious facts about Tennessee fish is that they wish nothing but crickets. Red worms, tall sawyers and the like find no fish that will bite at them in our waters except suckers and small perch.

"The most serious obstacle, therefore, with the fishermen is to get crickets. I organized a stock company with a few hundreds capital and started to work last spring. I had a large pasture fenced in with boards about ten feet high, sowed grass, built my hothouses and incubators and then began gathering in my stock. My pasture consists of about twelve acres, and I calculated that I could well graze 50,000 crickets to the acre. They sell readily to fishermen at $1 per hundred, so you see what a rich harvest there is in such an industry. They flourished like a green bay tree all during the summer and fall, but since the cold spell has reached them they have been dying off at a remarkably sad rate, and if the freeze should continue much longer I doubt if I shall be left with seed for next spring."—Augusta Chronicle.

A Paris Trick.

Some ingenious Paris dealers are reported to have invented a way of enhancing the market value of their wares. It is said that they color ordinary oranges a deep red, making them look like mandarins, which fetch much higher prices. They also tint pineapples to make them look more attractive and dye the white strawberries a lovely red. Melons are being treated in a similar way and tinted a fine orange, their flavor being increased by injecting an essence of lemon. The latest development of this business is in connection with pears, which are dyed red for a third of their size and blue below, thus presenting the national colors when peeled. These are said to be in some demand for dessert fruit on account of their novelty.

Special Notice.

Parties having card plates can have cards printed direct from the plates for $1.50 per hundred; engraved and copper plate supplied together with 100 cards for $2.50. At the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor Yates and Government sts. *

CHINESE POSTAL SYSTEM.

How the Celestials Manage the Interchange of Letters.

The United States consul at Fuchau says that the Chinese have not yet established any government post offices or postal system for the masses of the people, although private enterprise has for many years rendered communication easy between the people in all parts of the empire. This is conducted through what are called "letter shops." No stamps are used, but the "chop" of the keeper of the shop is always placed upon the envelope. Imperial edicts and other official despatches are carried from city to city and province to province by couriers, who are very expeditious, being in some parts provided with horses at convenient relay stations. Despatches are thus conveyed in cases of emergency 200 or 250 miles a day. In districts where horses are used each station-master is required to keep on hand from ten to twenty horses or donkeys, and the local official is held responsible for all delays that occur. These official couriers are not allowed to convey private letters or despatches. At the treaty ports "letter shops" are used by the natives only, but in the interior, or places not reached by the foreign postal arrangements, they are employed by foreigners as well, chiefly missionaries. All letters and parcels sent may be registered and insured. When given at a "letter shop" the contents of an envelope are displayed before it is sealed up, and stamped with the "chop" of the shop. Charges for the transmission of valuables are made on a percentage of declared value, and, as is the case with letters, differ according to the distance to be carried. A receipt is given, and the shopkeeper then becomes responsible either for its safe delivery with unbroken "chop" or seal at its destination or for its return to the sender. In some parts of the empire about two-thirds of the expense of transmission are paid by the sender, the remainder being collected from the receiver; thus the shop is secured against entire loss from transient customers, and the sender has some guarantee that his letter will be conveyed with dispatch. The other feature, much appreciated by native merchants, is that of keeping an open account with the shop. Charges for services rendered are entered against regular customers, and settlements are made monthly. In case of loss it is seldom necessary to call in the aid of the courts, the force of competition being sufficient to insure reasonable settlement. There are said to be nearly 200 letter shops in Shanghai, though in many remote villages there are none. The employees of the several shops are earnest in working up patronage, and go from house to house seeking customers. In the northern province, where horses are plentiful and the roads are more suitable to such travel, the letter carriers commonly use horses or donkeys, which are supplied at stations about ten miles apart. Each messenger carries from 70 to 80 pounds of mail matter, and travels about five miles an hour, much more slowly than the official carrier. When a messenger arrives at a station a few minutes only are allowed to change horses, when he leaves again, till the end of his route is reached, when the bag is given to a fresh man, who starts at once, no matter what may be the hour of the day or night, and regardless of wind, rain, heat or cold, until he too has completed his service and handed the parcel over to a third messenger, and thus it reaches its destination. For short distances, and in all the southern and central portions of China, the messenger travels on foot at a rapid rate. The Tootai Sheng, at Chefoo, lately offered prizes for the four best essays on "How to Establish a Chinese Imperial Post Office." There were some fifty competitors, and the prizes were duly delivered. Some of the essayists proposed the enlargement of the courier system, others the use of the offices and employees of the telegraph companies where they exist, and others submitted plans closely modelled upon western systems. One argument for the establishment of a government system was based on the large revenues to be secured that now goes into the hands of the French, English, American, Japanese and German postal agents at the treaty ports. There are two kinds of stamps known among dealers as Chinese stamps. The first of these was introduced by Sir Robert Hart, and is used only in the customs service. The other is a local Shanghai stamp used by a company carrying letters about the city of Shanghai and to outposts where there are foreign consuls, chiefly on the Yangtze river and to the ports of Ningpo and Fuchau in the south, and Chefoo, Tien-Tsin, and Peking in the north. These two systems are entirely in the hands of foreigners. Letters of foreigners are conveyed from China to other nations by the postal systems of the several countries, all consuls being regarded as postmasters for their own countries. Letters may be sent to and from China by the use of the stamps of any country through their respective consuls, but are only available at treaty ports. Foreigners living in the interior or away from treaty ports must make arrangements for getting their letters from the nearest consul or authorize some Chinese letter shop to transmit letters for them.

Ages Appeals to Ages.

The London corespondent of the Birmingham Post writes: A little story which has the merit of truth is in circulation concerning the prime minister. A nautical assessor at one of the great ports (Liverpool, I believe) was informed by the home office that it was no longer desirable that he should continue in his appointment, because of his great age. The assessor, despite his fourscore years, is a man of considerable energy, and he at once resolved to write to Mr. Gladstone, and in his letter he asked why, if a man older than himself was capable of directing the government of this country, he should be deemed ineligible for the post of nautical assessor. There was a pleasant exchange of letters, and in the end the octogenarian assessor found himself, thanks to the personal intervention of the premier, continued in his appointment.

Frank Stockton's Appearance.

"We are indebted to Mr. C. C. Burt," says the Electric Spark, for this extract from his pen descriptive of Frank R. Stockton's personal appearance: "With large dark eyes, features angularly strong and varied, and a face of great sensibility, his speech is intensely practical and idiomatic, and his usual manner serious to the verge of sadness. But when his eyes look outward they always smile; his deep, quick voice is over the voice of leisure and geniality, even when the situation demands the sarcasm it gets. When fun is going forward his eyes laugh heartily; but even when his face shows that he is convulsed his merriment is almost soundless. It is the laughter of a man whose risibles have lost their voice through a persistent habit of laughing to himself."

On the Hypnotic Plan.

The administration of justice in the future will soon be the simplest thing in the world, says Figaro. The occupation of judges, barristers and solicitors will be gone. Punishment will be meted out to criminals in every town by the official hypnotist, who will combine the offices of judge, jury and counsel. Sentences will be regulated by a sliding scale of punishments. They have already inaugurated the new system in New York. An Englishman was taken into custody in an apparent state of intoxication. "The police," runs the report, were unable to rouse him to learn his name or any particulars about him. One of the police officers was, however, equal to the occasion. He hypnotized the unconscious gentleman, who immediately answered all the questions that were put to him."

It must be clear, after this, that the old lumbering system is doomed. Justice in the future will be reduced to its simplest expression. Prisoners will be tried and sentenced while you wait. The law's delay will no longer be proverbial. A few hypnotic passes, and the tale of wrong-doing will stand revealed. Of course hypnotic justice will in time be itself simplified and extended. The place of the human hypnotizer will be taken by an automatic figure on the penny-in-the slot principle. First catch your criminal and then conduct him to one of the automatic justices of the peace which a beneficent government will provide at every street corner. Place a penny in the slot, turn the handle, and the figure will at once throw the evil-doer into a mesmeric trance. A phonograph concealed inside the automatic justice of the peace will record the confession while by pressing a knob a slip of paper will be delivered bearing the type-written sentence of the court. The prisoner will then be taken charge of by a clockwork policeman and conducted by him to a mechanical prison.

Grafting a Nose.

A very unusual and what promises to be a most successful surgical operation has been begun upon Fred Darcy, an eighteen-year-old boy, well known about the city. The lad is a son of Thomas Darcy, who conducts a saloon at 173 Central avenue.

During young Darcy's childhood a necrosis of the nasal bones set in, which resulted in the complete destruction and flattening of the nose upon the face, leaving a depression in the place where the nose once was. The lad is a healthy, sprightly fellow, very bright, and but for this disfigurement of his features would be a very happy lad. He delights in the company of other boys of his age and therefore his affliction has caused him much uneasiness of mind.

The parents learned that operations had been performed by transplanting portions of the flesh from other parts of the body, and applied to Dr. John O. Roe, of 28 North Clinton street. Young Fred was placed under his charge, and last Thursday afternoon the first step in the rhino-plastic operation took place, the tissue having previously been put in a healthy condition.

The bone of the nose being entirely absent, it was impossible to form a nose out of tissue taken from the forehead or arm. Accordingly this bone for the bridge of the nose was supplied by taking the bone of a finger. The third finger of the left hand was amputated at the first joint to prevent the growth of the nail. The skin of the nose was raised and the finger put in place and stitched to the face. Until it is amputated from the hand the boy will be compelled to hold his hand immovably to his face. The organs above the nose are healthy, and the bones and flesh of the two parts will grow rapidly together. The boy was taken to St. Mary's Hospital.

In his private ward young Darcy is a veritable mummy in appearance, owing to the bandages and padding necessary to keep the parts in place. The operation so far is progressing splendidly, and on Sunday the finger will be amputated at the second joint, thus releasing the hand. Nostrils will then be established through the flesh, and after it is completely healed over will leave Freddy Darcy with as good a nasal appendage as any boy in Rochester. At any rate he will have a nose not to be ashamed of.

Young Darcy's affliction has always greatly affected his vocal organs. His recovery from the operation is expected to bring with it perfect use of these parts.

Owing to the position of the lad's hand over his mouth he must remain perfectly quiet and speechless. His food is given him through a tube. The lad has stood the remarkable ordeal well.—Rochester Herald.

All Men

Young, old or middle aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpation of the heart, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dulness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with leaden circles, oily looking skin, etc., are all the symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring or vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address for book on diseases peculiar to man, send 10c in stamps sealed. Address M. V. Lubon, 24 Macdonnell ave., Toronto, Ont., Canada. *

Administrator's Notice.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the matter of the estate of John Row Gumb, deceased, and in the matter of the "Official Administrator's Act."

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Drake, bearing date the 29th day of August, A.D. 1893, I was appointed administrator of all and singular the personal estate, chattels and credits of John Row Gumb, late of the City of Victoria, deceased, intestate.

Persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are requested to send me particulars thereof on or before the 29th day of September, A.D. 1893, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtness to me forthwith.

WM. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.

30-1w

The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries

Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

I. X. L. COMPOUND

To Fruit Growers and Gardeners

Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy insect pests and have healthy fruit trees next season, by using

I. X. L. COMPOUND,

The cheapest and most effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced. For Sale by

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, VICTORIA, B.C.

We shall be pleased to give full explanation as to its use. A full line of Spraying Outfits and Pruning Tools on hand.

THE ROBERTS SAFETY Water Tube MARINE BOILER

FOR YACHTS, LAUNCHES, AND OTHER STEAMERS.

THE Original Fixed Water Line Pipe Boiler

NEARLY 400 IN USE!

SAFE, Reliable, Simple, Light Weight, Economical, No Shop Repairs, Small Space. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet and other reading matter, with hundreds of enthusiastic letters from purchasers and engineers.

Also Triple Expansion and Compound Marine Engines for Yachts and other Steamers. Large Marine Boilers a specialty.

DOTY ENGINE WORKS CO

MANUFACTURERS,
TORONTO, - ONTARIO.

CHURCH ORGANS.

The list of Churches using our Organs will prove to your satisfaction that we furnish the BEST for the least money. Prices from $300 to $3,000. If you will state the seating capacity of your church or hall, we will send (free) complete specifications of a

PELOUBET CHURCH ORGAN,

exactly suited to your needs. We are also prepared to build Church Organs for residences.—These instruments are the crowning feature of a modern home. We build in style to match the woodwork. Write for designs and prices.

LYON & HEALY,
State and Monroe Sts. CHICAGO.

NOTE.—Our factories produce upward of 100,000 musical instruments annually.

EVERY

Family
Student
School
Library

S-H-O-U-L-D Own a Dictionary.

Care should be taken to GET THE BEST.

WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

THE INTERNATIONAL, NEW FROM COVER TO COVER, IS THE ONE TO BUY.

SUCCESSOR OF THE UNABRIDGED. Ten years spent in revising, 100 editors employed, over $200,000 expended.

Sold by all Booksellers.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U. S. A.

☞Do not buy reprints of obsolete editions.

☞Send for free pamphlet containing specimen pages and full particulars.

Best aid to the Amateur, the Artist, and to those fond of a beautiful Home. 36 Colored Pictures given with a year's subscription for only $4.00. Complete instructions and designs given for Embroidery, Wood Carving, China Painting, Modeling, Oil, Water and Mineral Color Painting, and every branch of Home Decoration. No home is complete without this beautifully illustrated guide.

Everyone who sends $4 direct to our office for one year's subscription will get Free, as a Premium, a copy of our exquisite water color fac-simile—"The Trysting Place," size 27x22 in.—which has never been sold for less than $10, and which makes a most beautiful gift for any occasion.

Sample copy of the Magazine, with 3 Colored Pictures, sent for 20c. Catalogue Free.

THE ART INTERCHANGE CO., 9 Duchesne St., N. Y.

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

WILCOX'S COMPOUND

TANSY PILLS

Purchasing Agents and Stores sell all others First. If you should find a lady who prefers Wilcox's Tansy Pills, please buy for WOMANKIND, LIKE OF KIND and receive the only Genuine, reliable, regular, safe and sure. WILCOX SPECIFIC CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

10 Cases New Fall Clothing JUST TO HAND. LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES. B. Williams & Co., CLOTHIERS & HATTERS, 97 Johnson St.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in The Great Republic.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 31.—Several members of Farnham post, G. A. R., of New York city, have already arrived in this city in anticipation of the annual encampment of the Grand Army. They are provided with voluminous reports relating to fraudulent pensioners, which resulted in the expulsion of their post from the organization, were passed, and a vigorous effort will be made to secure the reinstatement of the post.

Cape May, N. J., Aug. 31.—After pleasantly passing two months here and regaining his health, General Harrison will leave his cottage to-morrow and start for Indianapolis to attend the G. A. R. encampment where he will be one of the orators. He has passed his time in preparing his law lectures, and has also been kept busy in his correspondence, thereby keeping in touch with public events. The ex-president will be escorted over the cruiser New York, lying at anchor in the Delaware, to-morrow before taking the 4:30 train for Indianapolis. General W. J. Sewell may accompany him home. While in Indianapolis General Harrison will entertain ex-Secretary Rusk and ex-Secretary Noble.

Newark, N. J., Aug. 31.—Shooting Park in this city was thronged with veterans to-day in honor of the demonstration arranged by Phil Kearney Post No. 1, G. A. R., in commemoration of the thirty-first anniversary of the battle of Chantilly, at which Gen. Kearney was killed. To-morrow isthe anniversary day, and many distinguished commanders who fought with and against Kearney were invited to be present. Competitive cavalry and infantry drills will form a feature of the reunion.

San Francisco, Aug. 30.—Five ships are to race from San Francisco to Europe. They are the British ships Elmhurst, City of Madras, Falls of Afton, Ulrica and Glenuig. The Ulrica sailed yesterday afternoon and the others sailed this afternoon.

Proper Lung Development.

I think it is evident, says Dr. T. J. Mays in the Century, that proper development and expansion of the lungs by means of well-regulated breathing must be regarded as of the greatest value in the prevention and the treatment of the inactive stages of pulmonary consumption. The more simple the method the more effective and practical the results which will flow from it. Among the many exercises which are recommended for the purpose the following movements are very valuable: The arms being used as levers are swung backwards as far as possible on a level with the shoulders during each inspiration, and brought together in front on the same level during each expiration. Or the hands are brought together above the head while inspiring, and gradually brought down alongside the body while expiring. A deep breath must be taken with each inspiration and held until the arms are gradually moved forward and downward, or longer, in order to make both methods fully operative. Another very serviceable chest exercise is to take a deep inspiration, and during expiration in a loud voice to count or sing as long as possible. A male person with a good chest capacity can count up to sixty or eighty, while in a female, even with good lungs, this power is somewhat reduced. Practice of this sort will slowly develop the lungs, and the increased ability to count longer is a measure of the improvement going on within the chest. Or, again, the taking of six or eight full deep breaths in succession every hour of the day, either while sitting at work or while walking out in the open air will have a very beneficial effect. The breathing of compressed and rarified air is attracting wide attention at the present time in connection with the prevention and the treatment of pulmonary consumption, and is another mode wherewith the chest capacity can be decidedly improved. When air is breathed in this manner there is felt during each inspiration a gentle dilatation of the whole chest.

Consumption is not a disease which originates in a day, but it is the outgrowth of morbid habits and agencies which may even antedate the birth of the individual. Defective breathing is one of these habits, and its pernicious prevalence is more widespread than is generally supposed.

Soil Pollution.

Dr. Lanciani, in his work on ancient Rome, says that while a system of garbage collection existed under Roman rule, the disposal of refuse was as crude as it is in many modern towns and cities. That this disposal method was regarded as a nuisance at a very early period is made evident by the fact that sanitary laws were passed two thousand years ago that were intended to at least mitigate the trouble.

Some of these laws, graven on stone, were unearthed by Dr. Lanciani in his excavations, and the text of one of them reads: "C. Cestius, son of Caius and Praetor, by order of the senate, has set up this line of terminal stones to mark the extent of ground that must be kept absolutely free from dirt, and excreta, and from corpses. Here also the burning of corpses is strictly forbidden." On the bottom of this stone, in red letters, some probably near reader had written: "Do carry the dirt a little farther; otherwise you will be fined."

But this bounding line, beyond which any foul matter might be cast to putrefy under a Roman sun, was only four hundred feet from the city walls as erected by Servius Tullius. When Dr. Lanciani dug up these stones on June 25th, 1884, and about two thousand years after the use of this area for refuse disposal, the soil was still so polluted and the stench arising from it so horrible that even his workmen, inured to such work as they were, found it absolutely unbearable, and had to be relieved at frequent intervals.

The dumping ground near the Esquiline cemetery, including the present cemetery itself, was the greatest of these nuisances, and so long ago as the beginning of the Christian era the Roman rulers found it necessary to cover this area with 25 feet of soil, and to convert it into a garden.

The long and active survival of disease germs in soil was also claimed in excavations made inside a coffer-dam uncovering the bed of the Tiber, alongside the bridge leading to the Castle of St. Angelo in Rome. Here, in successive strata, were found coin and other relics fixing the age of the deposit down to the fourth century A. D. The soil as it was slowly removed was piled upon an adjoining wharf and taken away. When the very lowest and oldest of all the strata disturbed was so disposed of, an epidemic of typhoid fever broke out among the workmen and those living in the immediate vicinity. The result of careful examination is said to have shown that the trouble came from the lowest strata, and that disease germs that had been lying dormant at the bottom of the Tiber for nearly fifteen hundred years were still active for evil, and proved their vitality.

This statement, as far as the survival of the germs of typhoid are concerned, has been disputed. Considering the difficulty of detecting these germs in refuse recently deposited, there is ample room for doubt as to the exact point in the strata that caused the trouble observed.

Coveting an Indian Reserve.

A friend writes us from Lake Nipissing in reference to Chief Doke's reservation. Chief Doke has a reservation in the French river not far from Lake Nipissing. It contains about forty-eight square miles. The reservation was made under the Robinson treaty of 1850, and in that treaty the Indians made an express stipulation that neither the land nor any valuable product of it should be disposed of without the consent of the chief and his band.

The reservation is one of the best timbered districts remaining in the province of Ontario. It has been visited by lumbermen and by sportsmen, and it has been estimated that there are upwards of 40,000,000 feet of white pine and about half this quantity of hemlock, board measure, upon the reservation. It is well known both to Canadian and Michigan lumbermen. At the price which timber limits have recently realized the timber alone is worth $500,000 to its Indian proprietors.

Now, it is well known to the white population at Lake Nipissing that the Indians feel no little uneasiness upon the subject, and they fear another raid like that which Robillard & Co. made upon a neighboring reservation. By subsection 5 of section 26 of the Indian act, as it stands in the consolidated statutes, it is provided that nothing contained in the act shall prevent the superintendent-general from issuing a license to any person or Indian to cut and remove trees, wood, timber, and hew or quarry and remove stone or gravel from the reserve, if he or his agent, acting by his instruction, first obtains the consent of the band thereto. This is a very awkward clause, and made it possible for the superintendent to dispose of the timber upon this reservation without first obtaining the consent of Doke and his band. But by 50-51 Victoria, chap. 35, sec. 3, the government actually under pressure from the lumbermen, repealed this restriction as to permit the superintendent-general to deal with the timber on the Indian reservation without the consent of the band.

Fortunately the treaty still stands in the way, although, if we are to judge the department by what it did in the case discussed in the house by Mr. Baron, the treaty will not prove a very formidable barrier. The rumor at North Bay is that a brother of a prominent member of the house of commons is pressing his claims upon the department for its immediate consideration. We cannot say how this may be, but the air is charged with rumors that the interests of the Indians are likely to suffer. So many things have happened to the detriment of the Indians, and in the interests of those marauders who follow the government as sharks follow a ship, that the most careful supervision is required on the part of parliament to see that the Indian population do not suffer further wrong at the hands of those who, in the name of the crown, undertake the duty of trustees.—London Advertiser.

Cattle as Omnivora.

Most people are probably of the opinion that the goat and the ostrich rank highest as omnivorous animals. It is not so generally known, however, that a cow takes often very curious things into her stomach. The United States department of agriculture has given space, in its exhibit in the government building at the Chicago fair, to a collection of various objects which have been taken from the stomachs of cattle killed for beef at the Chicago stock yards.

The most amazing of these objects is the iron tooth of a huge western hay rake, such as is drawn by two horses upon the western prairies. This iron tooth is curved and is four feet and eight inches long, by about a quarter of an inch thick. It was taken from the stomach of a Texas steer, which was to all external appearances in the best of health when killed. From the stomach of another Texas steer was taken an iron bolt thirteen and one-half inches long by five-eighths of an inch thick. Of the truth of the finding of these objects inside the animals in question there seems to be no doubt. The objects are on exhibition, accompanied by the names of the men who loaned them.

In a rather small cow were found objects as follows: One Masonic emblem, one dime, one copper cent, two watch rings, one finger ring and a number of stones. In another cow's stomach were found one silver dollar, one silver watch chain, one brass hair pin, a door knob and several nails or pieces of nails.

One of he most curious features of this remarkable collection is a lot of twenty-three hair balls. These were all found in the stomach of a Texas cow, which was butchered at the stock yards only a short time ago. When she was killed the animal was in good condition, but small. She weighed, when dressed for beef, 350 pounds. These hair balls are each a perfectly solid, hard, circular mass. The largest one is five inches in diameter, and the smallest about an inch and a half. The balls are formed by the animal's licking itself. The hair comes off and adheres to the tongue. It is then swallowed, and, once in the stomach, is rolled up and compressed in the globular mass described.—Hartford Courant.

The Parson Was Fly.

A certain clergyman from Waterloo county journeyed from Berlin to Chicago, and on nearing the exposition city he fell among thieves who attempted to rob him, but he was too much for them. This gentleman of the cloth and others were approached by a well-dressed stranger with a $10 bill in his hand, who asked if any of the party could change it for him. None of the others could, so he came to the clergyman, and the latter, very obligingly drawing out his purse to see, the rascal snatched the purse and made a bolt for the door of the car, but before he could escape he was seized by the back of the neck by the clergyman in question and forced to hand back the stolen purse, and no doubt was glad to escape with a good shaking.—Berlin Record.

Are You Nervous,

Are you all tired out, do you have that tired feeling or sick headache? You can be relieved of all these symptoms by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives nerve, mental and bodily strength and thoroughly purifies the blood. It also creates a good appetite, cures indigestion, heartburn and dyspepsia.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy in action and sure in effect. 25 cents a

Royalty Doesn't Always Come High.

The smallness of his stature is almost as sore a point with the Duke of York as the same shortcoming is with his father. Both the Princess of Wales and the Princess May are a good deal taller than their spouses, and that is the reason why the Prince of Wales has such a marked aversion to being photographed standing by the side of the princess. If you look at almost any photograph of their royal highnesses you will see that either the princess is sitting in a chair with the prince standing behind her, or, if she be standing up, the prince is mounted on some steps in the background. There are a number of the masculine members of our royal family who would be pressed to take any quantity of thought if they could thereby add an inch or two to their height.—London Figaro.

Public opinion is generally not very far astray after all, for the simple reason that it is the result of experience and not theory. In the manner of drinking in hot weather it has been found that the most wholesome and refreshing beverage is "Montserrat" Lime Fruit Juice. It can be taken with plain water, aerated water or claret and soda, in fact, a dash of "Montserrat" improves almost anything. It is pure, being the juice of ripe fruit, and is cheaper than lemons.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED 100% LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 3 pounds Sal Soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,

General and Nervous Debility,

Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

BIG G. TRADE MARK. CURE YOURSELF! Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only Prepared Remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor. The Universal American Cure. Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. PRICE $1.00

S. A. STODDART

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,

68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practic experience of over 25 years. mar4

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.

VICTORIA, B. C

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used Principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.) | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal, are mined by this Company only.

The "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

The "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

The "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent

THE VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.

The Victoria Lithograph Co.

Upstairs, Corner of Government and Yates Streets,
VICTORIA, B. C.

ALL CLASSES OF LITHOGRAPHED WORK

Maps, Cheques, Drafts,
Bill Heads, Letter Heads,
Note Heads, Labels,
Wedding & Visiting Cards,

Fine Colored Work a Specialty.

VISITING CARDS

Printed from Copper Plates and Stone.

PORTRAITS

Enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's Art.

SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.

Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

Keep the Money In the Country.

Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.

VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.,

W. R. GREECH, Manager.

THE LONDON & CANADIAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LT'D

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL STOCK $500,000 (WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO $1,000,000.)

This Company having its Head Office in Victoria, is prepared to do a conservative business throughout the Province; and can accept risks, settle losses, etc., without reference elsewhere. Its business is already greater than any other Fire Insurance Company for the Province alone. FOR THE SECURITY OF THE INSURED it has deposited with the Provincial Government $30,000, and reinsures two-thirds of every Policy issued. Its funds are invested in this country, and it therefore deserves the patronage of British Columbians.

BRANCHES—Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Chilliwack and Vernon.

GENERAL AGENTS—THE BRITISH COLUMBIA LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY, LIMITED, VICTORIA, B. C. au26-1m

SECOND ANNUAL REGATTA.

Complete Programme of Saturday's Aquatic Events.

INTERESTING BOAT AND CANOE RACES

The Lacrosse Team that is to Make a Tour of the Eastern Provinces—Arrangements Completed by the Lacrosse Club—Other Events.

Nothing has been left undone by the members of the James Bay Athletic Club to make their annual regatta to be held on Saturday a success. The competitors in the different events have been practising for the last month and some well contested races will result. In the evening a "dance in flannels" will be held in the gymnasium from 8:30 till 11:30. The hall has been handsomely decorated for the occasion and as the James Bays formerly proved themselves to be good entertainers, the event is sure to be a pleasant one. The complete programme of the regatta was arranged last evening. It is as follows:

First Heat—Four-Oared, Club.

D. O'Sullivan (stroke), W. H. Langley, T. Geiger, J. Aden (bow).

C. E. Butley (stroke), W. Ditcham, S. D. Schultze, F. S. Widdowson (bow).

Canoe Race—Single Paddle, Open.

J. Watson, G. F. Askew, B. Wilson, H. Young and J. H. Austin (J.B.A.A.) and W. Trail, E. Monro, P. Mawdesley, A. S. Gore, and O. T. Page (V.C.C.).

Second Heat—Four Oared, Club.

W. Scott (stroke), J. W. Hutchinson, E. E. Billinghurst, W. H. Wilkerson (bow).

F. Mallandaine (stroke), G. E. Jorgensen, J. H. Austin, T. L. Graham (bow).

Tandem Canoe Race, Open.

J. Watson & G. F. Askew and J. H. Austin & B. Wilson (J.B.A.A.) and W. Trail & O. T. Page, E. Monroe, & C. M. Page and A. S. Gore & F. Mawdsley (V.C.C.).

Navy Race—Post Entries.

Final Heat—Four-Oared, Club.

Upset Canoe Race—100 Yards, Open.

G. F. Askew, H. C. Macaulay, B. Wilson, E. E. Billinghurst and J. Watson (J.B.A.A.) and W. Trail, C. M. Page, O. T. Page, E. Monro and James Sharp (V.C.C.).

Junior Sculls—Club.

F. Mallandaine, S. D. Schultze, T. L. Graham, C. M. Page, W. Askew and J. Russell.

Four Paddle Canoe Race—Open.

J. Watson, G. F. Askew, D. O'Sullivan, D. Jones, and Ross Monro, R. J. Ackland, J. H. Austin & B. Wilson (J.B.A.A.), and A. S. Gore, D. C. Tuck, Ned Marshall & F. Mawdsley, and W. Trail, P. Wollaston, K. Middleton & W. T. Williams.

Senior Sculls—Club.

W. Scott, D. O'Sullivan, E. Mallandaine, Jr., and W. Ditcham.

Indian War Canoe Race, 13 Paddles—J.B.A.A. v. V.C.C.

G. F. Askew, J. Watson, D. O'Sullivan, E. E. Billinghurst, C. E. Bailey, J. E. Wilson, J. H. Austin, B. Wilson, D. T. Jones, R. J. Ackland, F. S. Widdowson, W. Scott & Ross Monro (J.B.A.A.), and

Ed. Pitt, C. M. Page, W. Trail, O. T. Page, A. S. Gore, and F. Mawdsley, K. Middleton, P. Wollaston, W. Williams, J. R. Carmichael, H. Crane, A. E. Haynes & C. M. Roberts (V.C.C.).

Swimming Race—100 Yards, Club.

W. Askew, D. O'Sullivan, F. Mallandaine, J. H. Austin, G. E. Jorgensen, E. E. Billinghurst, C. M. Page, W. H. Langley, R. J. Ackland and L. R. Young.

THE COURSE.

Four-oared races will be rowed from Coffin island to Club house, wind and weather permitting. Sculling races will start at Club house to Coffin island and return. Rob Roy canoes barred in upset race.

OFFICERS OF THE DAY.

Referee—J. J. Shallcross.

Judges—Captain Gaudin and Capt. J. G. Cox.

Starter—H. E. Connon.

Timekeeper—C. W. Higgins.

Reception Committee—H. F. Langton, A. W. Jones, A. G. Smith, Dr. A. T. Watt, A. J. Dallain, H. F. M. Jones, B. H. T. Drake, Dr. Richardson, J. E. Wilson, J. S. Munro, and the managing committee of the club.

AQUATIC.

FISHING BOAT RACE.

Canso, N. S., Aug. 31.—The Canso ninth annual regatta for fishing boats was sailed yesterday under the most favorable conditions, a strong but steady west south west wind prevailing throughout the races, and thoroughly established the racing qualities of the boats. First:—Centre board boats of from 20 to 30 feet waterline and second keel boats of similar dimensions. In the centre board class the Maud owned and sailed by William Walsh of Canso, came in first and captured the Mackay-Bennet prize of $75. The Mariel owned by Levi Munro, of White Haven, second, and the Betsy owned by F. E. Embre of Port Hawkesbury, third, and also taking prizes. In the keel class, the Mayflower, owned and sailed by John Marr of Canso, finished first and won the Mackay-Bennett prize of $75. The other winners were the Advocate, Maggie, Katie, S., Walter, all of Canso, finishing and taking prizes in the order named. The regatta was instituted by the Commercial Cable Company several years ago and has been a great benefit to the town of Canso.

THE TURF.

DOMINO AND DOBBIN MATCHED.

New York, Aug. 31.—James P. Keenes' Futurity winner, Domino, and Richard Crocker's Dobbin, will race to-morrow afternoon at Sheepshead Bay for $10,000 a side. The Coney Island Jockey Club will add $2500 and the race will be over the same course as Tuesday's. The Futurity is little short of six furlongs. The match grew out of conversation between M. Dwyer, who is interested with Mr. Crocker in his turf ventures, and Mr. Keene after the Futurity. "I congratulate you on your victory," said Mr. Dwyer, "but I would like to bet $25,000 Dobbin can beat Domino, same weights as to-day, and I would like to have a match race." Mr. Keene asked his trainer, William Lakeland, who is probably the most conservative and intelligent trainer of thoroughbreds in America, about the match. "Make it for $25,000," said Lakeland," and I will bet $5000 of it myself. Domino's race has not hurt him at all, as far as I can see; he is as fine as can be made." In the meanwhile Mr. Crocker and M. F. Dwyer had consulted P. J. Dwyer and Hardy Campbell, Mr. Crocker's trainer. Their advice was satisfactory and after a long private conversation between Mr. Keene and Mr. Crocker a match was agreed upon. Mr. Keene's terms being accepted. The colts are to carry 118 pounds. The Jockey Club will add $2500. For a time it was hoped that sweepstakes could be arranged and that Marcus Daly's Senator Grady could be added, all three to put up $10,000. Mat Byrnes, trainer for Marcus Daly, said his horse was not ready for a hard race and would not be ready for a week. At the end of that time, however, and with a five pound allowance, he would be willing to start the Senator. His terms were not accepted. If Mr. Keene wins the race with Domino to-morrow he will be the first turf man that has ever worsted the Dwyers in a match race.

THE RING.

WANTS TO MEET CREEDON.

San Francisco, Aug. 30.—"Young Mitchell," the undefeated Coast middle weight, is confident that he can defeat Dan Creedon, the Australian, who recently defeated Greggains. He is so sure of his ability to win that he would prefer to meet him rather than any other man prominent in fighting. Mitchell is also confident that the Columbian Athletic club will ultimately offer a purse of $10,000 for the match.

THE RIFLE.

TO-DAY'S SHOOTING.

Ottawa, Aug. 31.—There was excellent weather for the shooting on Rideau range to-day, though rather a steady, strong, cross wind was blowing, and the light was a little glary, but on the whole conditions were good. The result in the MacDonnell match was as follows: Ranges 400 and 600; five rounds, possible fifty, cup, badge, and $25. Corp A. S. Hunter, B. C., 48, badge and $20; Pte. Bates, 12th, 48, badge and $15; Staff Sgt. Cameron, 60th, 48, $12; Pte. Robinson, 13th, 47, $12, Staff Sgt. Simpson, 12th, 47, $12; Pte Oliver, 45th, 47, $10; Lt. I. Mitchell, 12th, 47; Major Bishop, 63rd, Staff Sgt. Crowe, 1st, B.F.A.; Lt. McAdam, 3rd Victoria, and Pte Bertram, 77th, got $10 each; Gunner Turnbull, B. C., got $8, with 45 points; Staff Sgt. Wynne of Winnipeg and Pte. Shunaman got $5 each, with 45 points; Lt. Mitchell, Winnipeg, $4 with 43 points. Pte. Kamberry of the Royal Scots, leads in the grand aggregate with 259; Lt. Mitchell, Winnipeg, has 258.

In the Kirkpatrick match for the challenge cup presented by Kirkpatrick, Lieut.-Governor of Ontario, $704 prize money and four team prizes, the individual prizes were: 1st, $20, Sgt. Ogg, Guelph, 95; 2nd, $15, Davidson, 8th Rifles, 93; 3rd, $15, Staff Sgt. Mitchell, 13th, 93; 4th, $15, Lt. Carran, 13th, 91; 5th, $12, Pte. Ross, 13th, 91; 6th, $12, Corp. Langley, B. C., 90, Trooper Hudson, Bengal, India; Gunner Turnbull, B. C., and Lt. Grayburn, Winnipeg, got $8 each. In this match Gunner Martin of B. C., got $5, and Gunner Huston of B. C., got $4. In the Kirkpatrick match Staff Sgt. Ogg of Guelph, made 93 out of a possible of 100.

LACROSSE.

TEAM FOR THE TOUR.

A general meeting of the Victoria Lacrosse club was held last evening when the action of the executive in arranging for the eastern tour was adopted and highly commended. The subscription committees are making their final canvass of the city and are meeting with the success that they deserve. Many friends of the team go to Vancouver on Saturday to see the team play their last game in British Columbia before they leave for the east. Several enthusiasts will accompany them on their tour. The team will be composed as follows: A. E. Macnaughton, Ross Eckardt, R. J. Frost, A. Beffry, G. Tite, W. F. Bilght, H. Morton, F. Cullen, C. Cullen, Z. Ketchum, W. E. Ditchburn, S. Campbell and E. A. Quigley. W. H. Collin also goes to assist in attending to business affairs and play if necessary. W. J. Barnes, treasurer of the club will also accompany the team. It is not known yet whether W. G. Mackenzie will be able to go.

PERSONAL.

P. A. Paulson is over from Tacoma.

Geo. C. Bullen is down from Skeena river.

Gus Holmes, of Vancouver, is registered at the Oriental.

John Watson Kincardine is a guest at the Hotel Victoria.

C. B. Lockhart was a passenger from Vancouver last night.

Fred M. Young and wife returned from California this morning.

F. Pitt, wife and daughter, of London, Eng., are at the Driard.

Jas. Brady, manager of the Thunder Hill mine, is at the Balmoral.

Mrs. Tye and the Misses Galley returned from Vancouver yesterday.

L. Guichon and C. E. Ross, of Port Guichon, are at the Driard.

J. R. Miller and wife, of Montreal, are again at the Hotel Victoria.

R. L. Cawston, of Keremeos, manager of the R. C. Cattle Co., is in the city.

Geo. Hayes, Vancouver, and John Wilson, of Cache Creek, are at the Oriental.

W. H. Redmond and Max Leiser returned from the Mainland last evening.

Hon. Theodore Davie, Premier and Attorney-General, leaves to-morrow morning for the Cariboo assizes.

Marine.

The 20-knot cutter, U. S. Grant, will most likely be ordered around from New York to replace the slow going Walcott at Port Townsend.

The schooner Alcedo has arrived at Seattle with 15,000 pounds of halibut. The fish was taken on the northern banks.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—The phonograph man has come to town.

—The Y. M. C. A. swimming bath is crowded these warm days.

—The Premier brought five baskets of English mail last night.

—Hanna, the chiropodist, room 37, Balmoral hotel, this week only. *

—Some new banquet, table and library lamps just opened at Weiler Bros'. *

—Victoria lodge, K. of P., meets this evening, and will give the second rank.

—A special meeting of the city council will be held Friday afternoon at 2.30.

—The regular monthly meeting of the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society will be held to-morrow evening.

—Edward B. Barthrop, the Port Townsend druggist, is to be made deputy collector of customs at that port.

—The B. C. Market corner of the Junction of Yates and Government streets, is becoming quite a political hangout.

—Tea kettles with wrought iron stands, fitted with spirit lamps, are a novelty introduced by Weiler Bros. *

—Bishop Perrin will preach at St. Luke's on Sunday morning and the Ven. Archdeacon Scriven will preach there in the evening.

—The new Japanese drapery crepes and leather paper hangings just opened at Weiler Bros. are very effective and the prices low for such elegant goods. *

—Supreme Grand President Elliott of the Sons of England will pay Victoria a visit during the third week of September. He will be accompanied by Supreme Grand Secretary Carter.

Dr. Macnaughton Jones and family have removed to their new residential quarters at the quarantine, William's Head. Dr. Jones will devote his whole time to quarantine affairs. He is an old resident of Victoria. The family will be much missed.

—Many people who have leisure on Saturdays are at a loss as to how to spend the day, to such we should say go on the excursion to Seattle on the 2nd instant by the Joan and enjoy the fresh sea air, which with smooth water and a comfortable boat, will no doubt be thoroughly enjoyed by all who are fortunate enough to go.

Dean & Cryderman removed one door above old Yates street stand into corner store. *

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street. * *

ANOTHER MAN'S WIFE.

An Eloping Couple Who Are Due Here This Evening.

New Westminster, Aug. 31.—Suter, the man who eloped on Tuesday with Mrs. Liberty of Vancouver, left for Victoria this morning on the steamer Rithet with the woman. Mrs. Liberty's husband followed the guilty pair to Westminster, saw them together in their room at the Queen's hotel, took several articles of value from Mrs. Liberty which belonged to him and quietly left. He said he merely wanted evidence of their guilt, in view of possible future divorce proceedings. It is believed the elopers will go on to San Francisco.

HOPE ABANDONED.

Ship Blair Athole Lost — Fire Underwriters Will Retaliate.

Vancouver, Aug. 31.—Rev. W. C. Weir, first Baptist church, has withdrawn his resignation. The congregation at a meeting decided the small doctrinal difference, which was not sufficient to separate pastor and people.

The certificate of R. Spanling, of the East End school, has been suspended by the department of education for 90 days. The trouble arose through Spanling's marking some examination papers and denying that he did so. His partisans in the school board favor employing a man in his place temporarily, while his opponents will not hear of that, and the difficulty is by no means settled.

Mrs. Liberty, wife of the owner of the Sherman House, eloped to Westminster with a man named Suter. Liberty will apply for a divorce.

The amount received in taxes during the period rebate was allowed was smaller this year than usual.

The fire insurance companies will raise the rate 15 per cent. if the corporation insists on taxing the companies doing business. No effort has yet been made to enforce the tax.

The ship Blair Athole, sugar-laden from Hong Kong to Vancouver, is 181 days out and has been given up as lost. It is supposed she foundered in the China Sea.

Buried This Afternoon.

The remains of Charles Jowl, who died suddenly at Parsons Bridge on Tuesday morning, were interred this afternoon. The funeral took place from Storey's undertaking rooms and was attended by a few friends of the deceased. Jowl was 50 and is believed to have left relatives in Eastern Canada. They will be communicated with.

Pacific Fire Chiefs.

Pacific Coast Association of fire chiefs meets at San Francisco September 18th. Representatives from all the fire departments of the coast will be present. Chief Deasy will attend and read a paper on "The importance of insurance companies discriminating in favor of lower rates of insurance in all cities having paid fire departments." Chief Ackerman, of New Westminster, will also contribute a paper. The convention will be in session for four days.

PASSENGERS.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—S N Rice, J A Anderson, S O Bowman, wife and daughter, J Leckner, J McLane, Mrs W Root, Mrs Sprague, Mrs Hirth, Mrs Thompson, P T Harvey, C Hasman, Miss Kenney, J Simpson, S P Holmes, Mrs Marion and daughter, G A Charnock and wife, J A Tolmant, J W Chamness, Miss Sullivan, Miss E Sullivan, Miss L Sullivan, F F Curry, F Miller, G H Webb, O Berbis, P A Paulson, J H Wolford and wife, J Simpson and wife, J Whitmore, Mrs A E Begg and daughter, Miss N Martin, E R Sound and wife, Hattie Hill, Mrs Vernon, C Scoling, C Ayer, Miss Baldwin, J McLeod, G R Chapman, Chas Palmer, Jos Johnson, F Monowa.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—Jas J Dunn, C B Lockhart, J S Hendrie, A Cohen, J Brady, G Holmes, Geo Hayes, Miss Mathews, Miss G B Culter, John Watson, H C Woodke, Mrs Tye, Mrs Richards, W Bredon, C Holden, L Genchon, Max Leiser, W Walker, L Hold, W P Rhodes, Wm Lee, May McLaren, Miss C J Culter, E Douglass, Mrs Waterman, Misses Galley, S Richardson, C E Ross, W H Redmond, Mabel Spence, Mrs Hold, O W Wilson, J Townley, Mabel Lowe, W J Hannah, Mrs Lee, Mrs Ker, Rev W Pierce, J Wilson, Miss Osborn, Miss Lewis, Miss E M Culter, C Millington, Miss Waterman, C M Richards, Geo Lamarre.

Per steamer Umatilla from San Francisco—Miss M Lavergrove, E N Marchant, Louis Glass, W M Normana, Mrs W Whinney, A W Bayley, W C Quinn, H R Cromer, C S Arnold and wife, L Callisch and wife, R J Rice and wife, A M McPherson, wife and daughter, Mrs Peters, Mrs H Tyack, Mrs Judd, A McDonald, J R Little, J W Corner and wife, L H Bean, W E Bean, C L Butler and wife, Geo E Bates and wife, A S Baldwin and wife, T B Robinson, Mrs St Clair, E O Maller, W L Pittam and wife, Dr J A Anderson and wife and family, Mr and Mrs Cady and two children, Fred Young and wife, Ben Barney and wife, Judge Campbell and wife, H M Campbell, W H Hawtier and wife, A J Kirivan, H P Phelan, A P Brown, H Doyle and wife, L P Denny and wife, Chas Crater, S E Stallman, Miss Ellen M Rankin, Miss L Smallwood, Miss L Rodden, N Hall and wife and two daughters, J H Bradbeer and wife, Mrs H B Phelo, W K Dana, Chas Dana, Miss Edith Rankin, Miss McGibbon, C Rockett, C S Bowman, J Donovan and wife, L H Strange, Hy Willoughbyand wife and nine steerage.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—J Piercy & Co, P McQuade & Son, Can Paint Co, Turner B & Co, S Reid, Baker Bros, H Young & Co, G J Wilson, T N Hibben & Co, J Parker, Vale & R, Weiler Bros, J Braden & Son, Cookson & Plews, McMillan & H, W J Pendray, Goon Lung, C E Blackwood, Langley & Co, A Isler, Cochrane & M, J A Cheney.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—R P Rithet & Co, G R de P Chance, D Spencer, J Piercy & Co, John Barnsley, T B Pearson, A S Brown, Erskine Wall & Co, Dean & Cryderman, P McQuade, R Cunningham, A Kohn, E J Salmon, Johns Bros, M P Smith, R A Brown, S L Kelly, B Williams, British Am Canning Co, North Pacific Canning Co, Fell & Co, Jubilee Saloon, Mount Baker Hotel, W H Perry, Hudson B Co, J H Todd, Dom Exp Co.

Per steamer Umatilla from San Francisco—Allen & Ault, Ames Holden Co, A S Englehardt, B & K M Co, B M Berney, Colonist Ptg Pub Co, D R Ross & Co, E G Prior & Co, Erskine Wall & Co, E B Marvin & Co, Fell & Co, Gan Wook Yuen, Hudson Bay co, J & A Cheshire, J H Todd & Son, Jno Barnsley & Co, Langley & Co, Nicholles & Renouf, P McQuade & Son, Redon & Hartnagle, R P Rithet & Co, R Baker & Son, See Hon, S M & T Co, S M Harman, S Leiser, T W Fletcher, Vale & Brooks, W J Pendray, Weiler Bros, Wilson Bros, Yuen Lung, Yee Yung, W H K, care Dominion Express, Fuller & Goodwin, Royal City Planing Mills, R Ruster, A H Yates & Co, Baker & Lewson, Chas Anderson, C S Phillips, F R Stewart, John Potter, J G H & Co, McM & B, Winch & Bower, G Gallett, W Jones & Co, care Martin & Robinson.

—During the month of August the sheriff issued 22 marriage licenses. There were registered at the registry office 40 deaths, 26 births and 13 marriages.

—The steamer Yosemite leaves Victoria at 7.30 a.m. on Saturday morning for Vancouver. She leaves the latter city for home at 8 p.m. Just a nice day's outing.

—The old bark Dominion, which has been lying in Esquimalt harbor for over a year, was to-day released by the sheriff, in whose possession she has been. The sheriff took charge of her on an execution judgment issued in the case of Prevost v. Whitelaw. The judgment was satisfied.

Don't overlook the fine lunch at the Bodega, 7 p.m. till 3 p.m.

BIRTH.

BROWN—At Harrison Hot Springs, on Sunday the 20th inst., the wife of John R. Brown, of a son.

THE Stanley House

GENERAL DRY GOODS
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST.,
COR. OF FORT ST.

NEW GOODS NOW ARRIVING

New Trimmings,
New French Flannels,
New Navy Serges,
New Black Serges,
New Dress Goods,
New Fancy Serges

NEW GOODS at our USUAL LOW CASH PRICES arriving all the time.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO

Armour's STAR HAMS And BACON Have Arrived.

27 Days from Chicago, Via Great Northern Ry.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.
Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

W. H. PERRY,

"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves,
Tinware and Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights
And Roofing.

42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

NEW GOODS
For Fall and Winter
Just Received at
A. GREGG & SONS, TAILORS, 88 Yates Street.

THE VICTORIA TAILORING AND DYEING ESTAB'T,
JNO. T. PIERRE Proprietor,
PIERRE BLOCK, (Near City Hall) 100 DOUGLAS STREET
SUITS from $20.00 up. PANTS from $6.00 up.
Clothes cleaned, dyed, altered and repaired. "Prices lower than the lowest.
N.B.—I have no branch store and no drummers to annoy you, but will promptly attend to all orders by mail. au18-1m

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA
(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)
CAPITAL (With power to increase)..... £500,000, $2,920,000
RESERVE..... £250,000, $1,265,333
HEAD OFFICE: - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND
BRANCHES:
IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON, (KOOTENAY LAKE).
IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA
AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:
IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia.
IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co.
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.
Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.
PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS
CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS
Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers
Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.
In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there has able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.
OFFICES
VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

Municipal Notice.

Public notice is hereby given to the electors of the municipality of Victoria that I require the presence of the said electors at the Council Chamber, City Hall, on Wednesday, the 30th day of August, 1893, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing persons to represent them in the Municipal Council as alderman for North Ward in place of James Munroe Miller, resigned, and also as alderman for South Ward in place of Antone Henderson, resigned.

The mode of nomination of candidates shall be as follows:—

The candidates shall be nominated in writing; the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the returning officer at any time between the date of the notice and 2 p.m. of the day of the nomination, and in the event of a poll being necessary such poll shall be opened on Saturday, the 2nd day of September, for the North Ward at the City Hall and for the South Ward at the building known as No. 27 Government St., between Broughton and Courtenay streets, of which every person is hereby required to take notice and govern himself accordingly. Given under my hand at Victoria, the 24th day of August.

W. K. BULL,
Returning Officer.
a24-td

To the Ratepayers of North Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen: Mr Munro Miller having resigned as Alderman for the North Ward, I hereby offer myself as a candidate to fill the vacancy in the council, and if elected will endeavor to forward the best interests of the ward and city.

W. A. ROBERTSON.
Aug. 28.

MEDICAL EXAMIATION.

The next medical examinations of the B. C. Medical Council will be held on Tuesday, the 5th day of September next, commencing at 10 o'clock a.m., in the city of Vancouver. Further information can be had by applying to the Registrar.

G. L. MILNE,
Registrar and Secretary.
a19-td

Estate of Harry Disher and Stephen Graham Campbell.

Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors.

Take notice that pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," by indenture dated and executed the 19th day of August, 1893, by Harry Disher of No. 69 Herald street, in the city of Victoria, Province of British Columbia, and Stephen Graham Campbell, of No. 8 North Park street, in the said city of Victoria, carrying on business of grocers at No. 81 Douglas street, in the city of Victoria aforesaid, under the style or firm name of Disher & Campbell, the said Harry Disher and Stephen Graham Campbell, granted and assigned their real and personal property to Charles Fox Todd, of No. 218 Johnson street, in the city of Victoria aforesaid, carrying on business at 12 Wharf street, in the said city of Victoria, merchant, and Joseph Clearihue, residing at Cadboro Bay road, in the said city of Victoria, and carrying on business at 26 Yates street, in the said city of Victoria, merchant, in trust for the creditors of the said Harry Disher and Stephen Graham Campbell. The said Charles Fox Todd and Joseph Clearihue executed the deed and accepted the trust thereby created on the 19th day of August, 1893.

Dated the 21st day of August, 1893.

S. PERRY MILLS,
of 46 Langley street, Victoria, B. C.,
Solicitors for the trustee.
a21-1m

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890

Notice is hereby given, that Edward White, carrying on business at Number 61 Government street, in the city of Victoria, under the firm name of Brown & White, dry goods merchants, has assigned all his real and personal property, except as therein mentioned, to John Joel Austin, of the said city of Victoria, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Edward White. The said deed was executed by the said assignor and trustee on the 21st day of August, A.D. 1893, and the said assignee has undertaken the trusts created by the said deed. All persons having claims against the said Edward White must forward and deliver full particulars of claim, duly verified, to the assignee at Victoria, on or before the 21st day of October, 1893. All persons indebted to the said Edward White are required to pay the amount due by them to the said assignee forthwith. After the said 21st day of October, 1893, the trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice. A meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of the assignee, 32 Fort street, Victoria, on Monday, the 28th day of August, instant, at 3 o'clock p.m.

THORNTON PELL,
50 Langley St., Victoria,
Solicitor for the Assignee.
Dated 21st day of August, 1893. a21-3td